

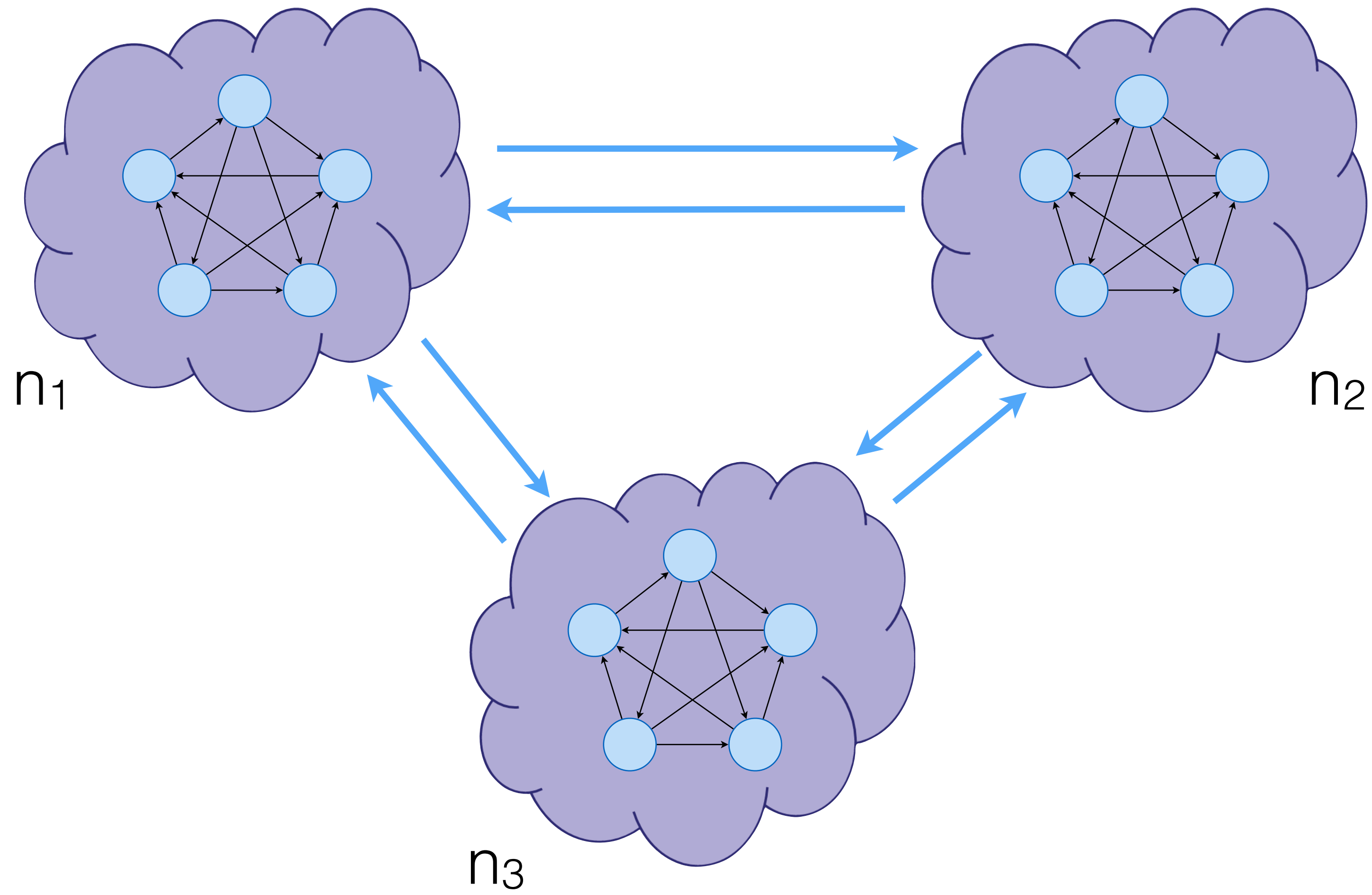
# Programming and Proving with Distributed Protocols

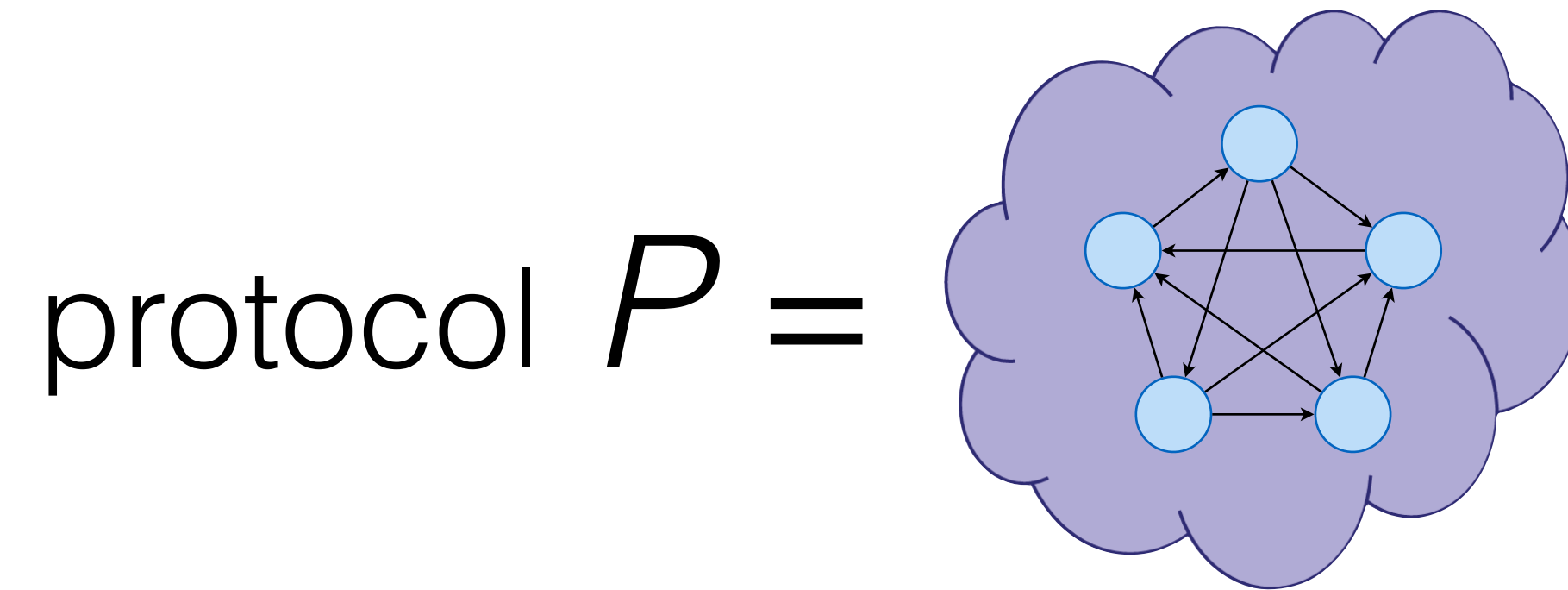
Ilya Sergey



James R. Wilcox  
Zachary Tatlock



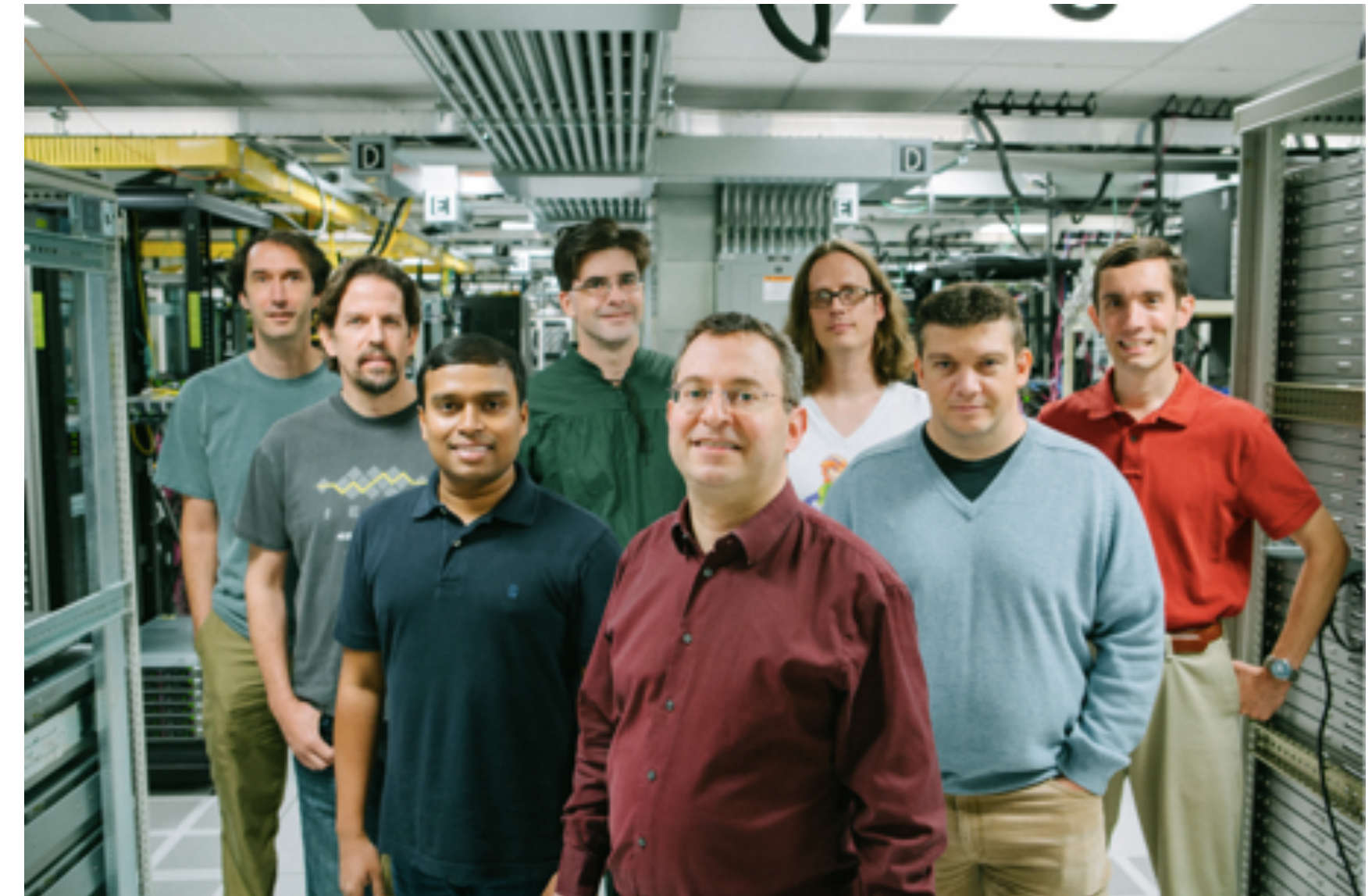




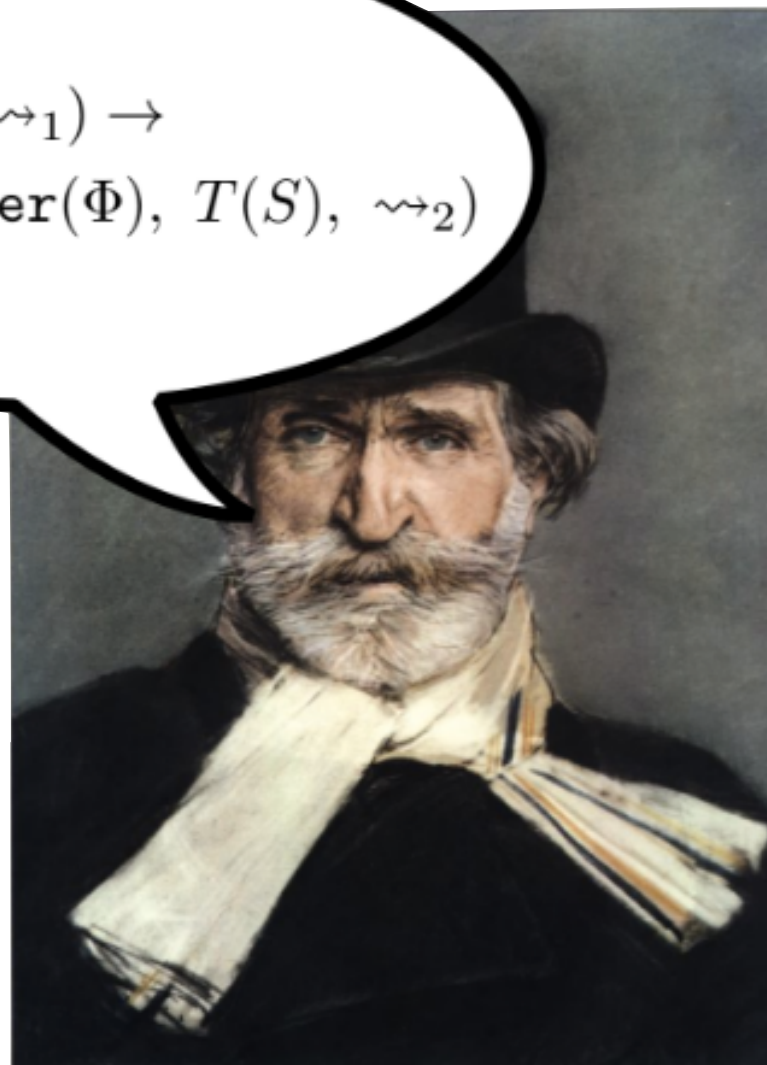
- Invariants:  $Inv(s_0) \wedge \forall s s', Inv(s) \wedge transfer(P, s, s') \Rightarrow Inv(s')$
- Liveness:  $\square(Q(\text{state of } n_1)) \Rightarrow \diamond(R(\text{state of } n_2))$
- Refinement:  $P$  (“implementation”)  $\preceq$   $P'$  (“specification”)

# Verified Distributed Systems

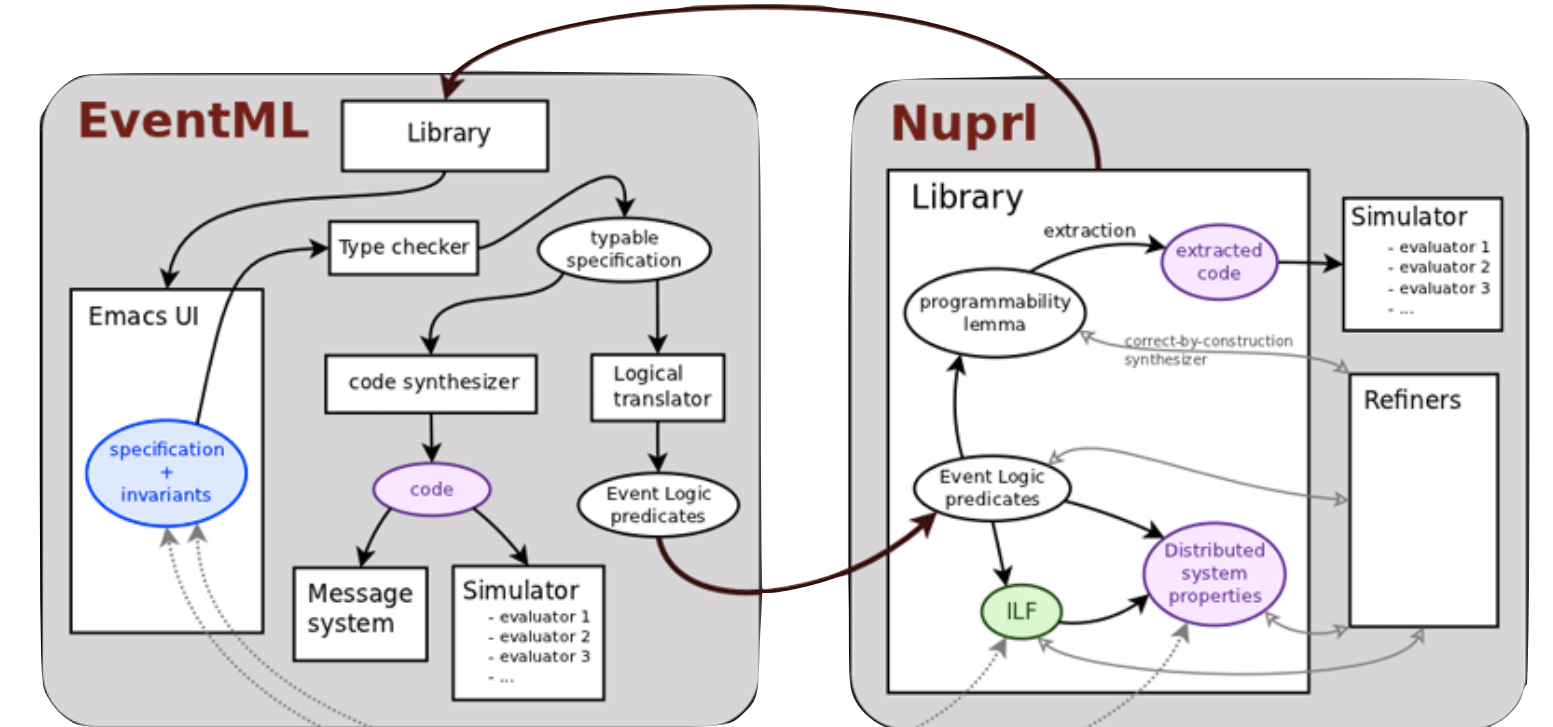
- Invariants ✓
- Liveness ✓
- Refinement ✓



$\text{holds}(\Phi, S, \rightsquigarrow_1) \rightarrow$   
 $\text{holds}(\text{transfer}(\Phi), T(S), \rightsquigarrow_2)$



**PSync**





- Asynchronous updates
- Message reordering
- Packet loss
- Node crashes
- Network partitions
- Reconfiguration
- Byzantine faults



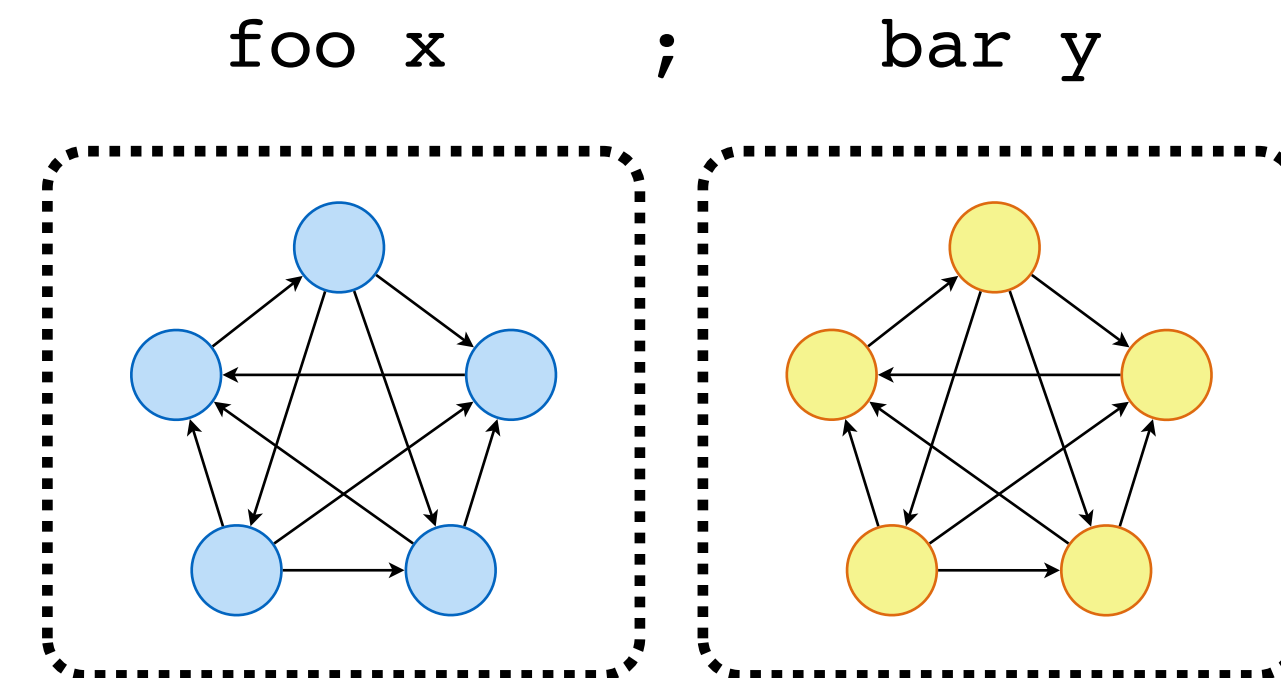
- Invariants
- Liveness
- Refinement
- Composition  
(*aka* Reusability)

# Composition in Distributed Systems

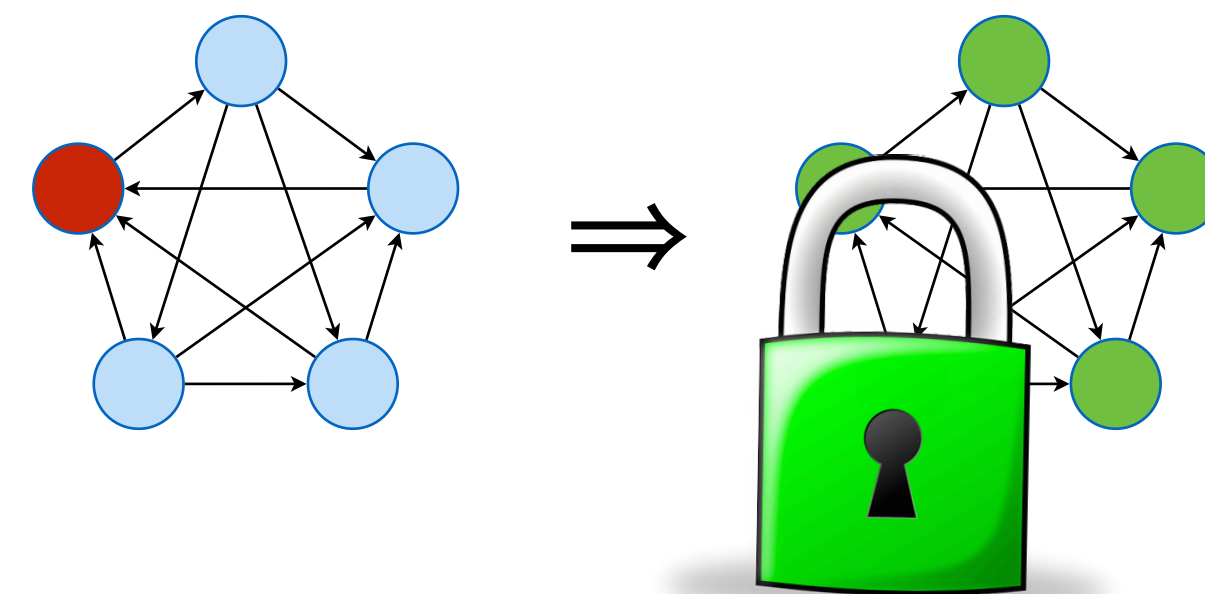
- Modular program verification

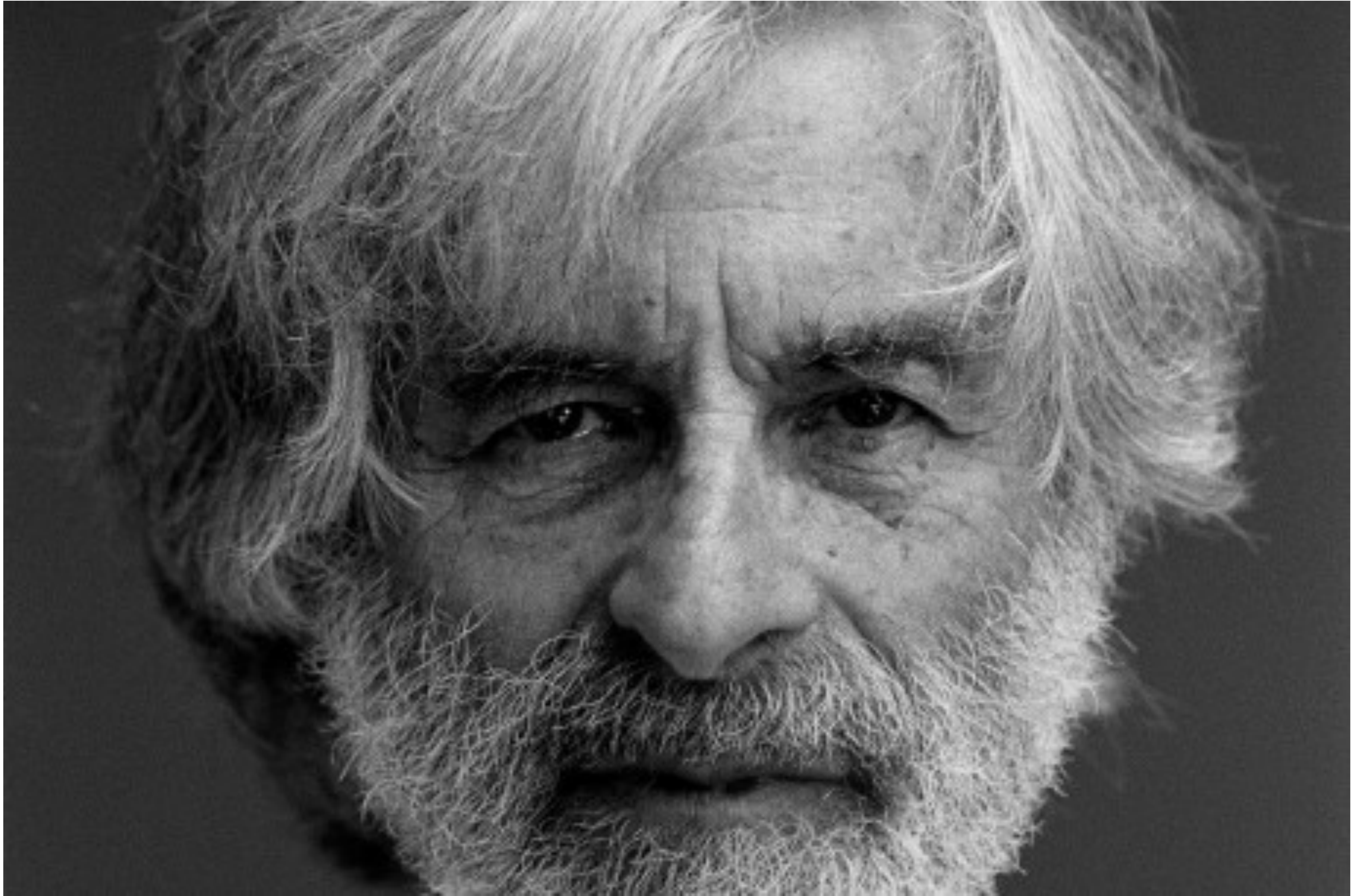
```
let f x = send x to h;  
        r ← receive_from h  
        return r  
in (f 42) + (f 239)
```

- Horizontal System Decomposition

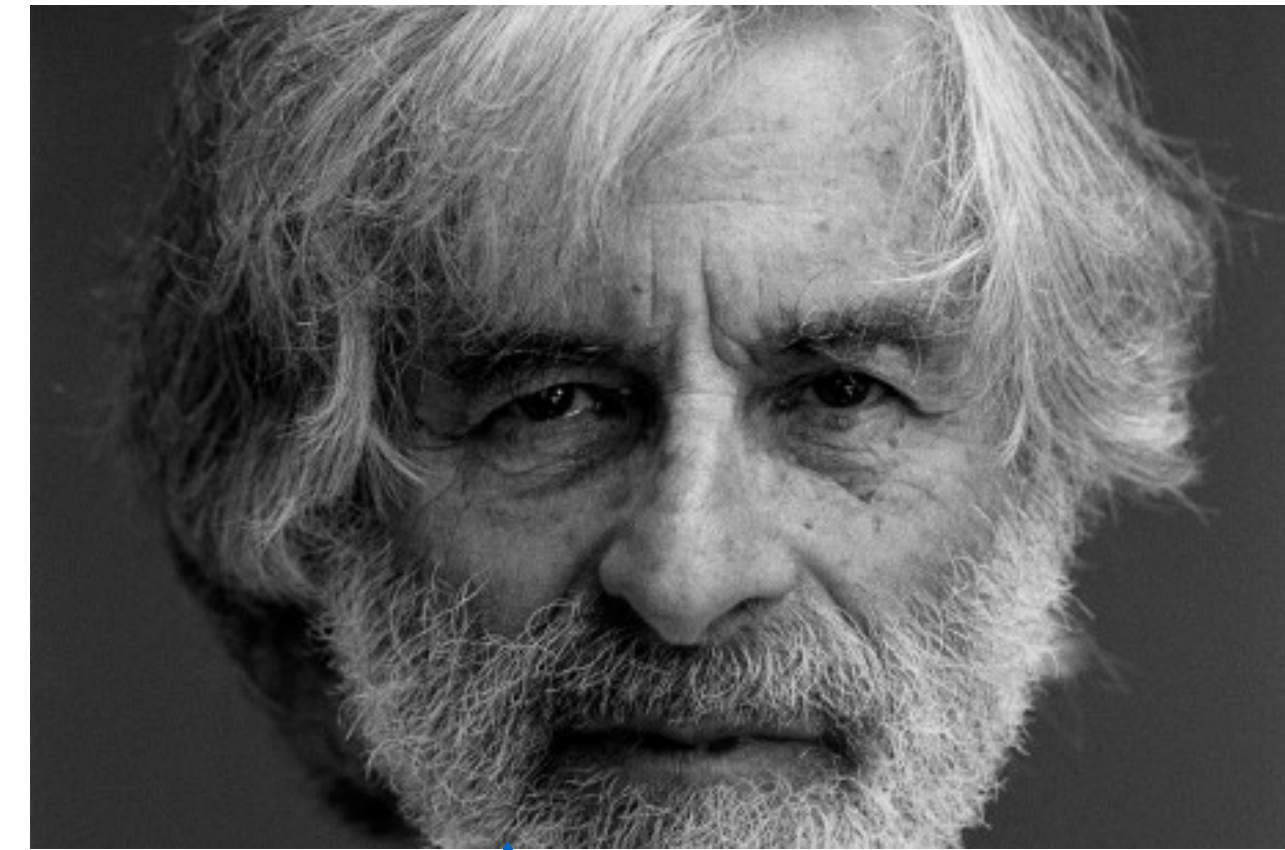


- Inter-Protocol Dependencies





# Composition: A way to make proofs harder (Lampport, 1997)

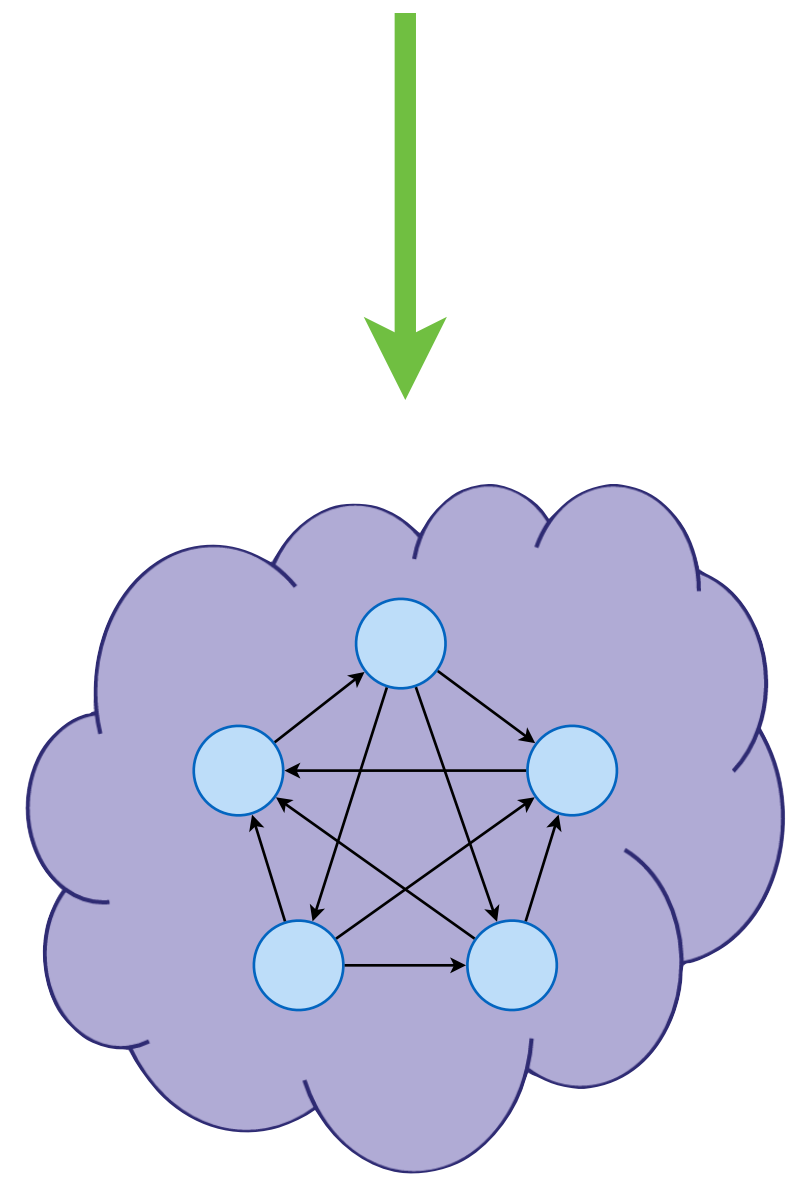


When distracting *language features* are removed and the underlying *mathematics* is revealed, compositional reasoning is seen to be of little use.



“mathematics”

“language features”



$\vdash$

$\{P\}$

$c$

$\{Q\}$

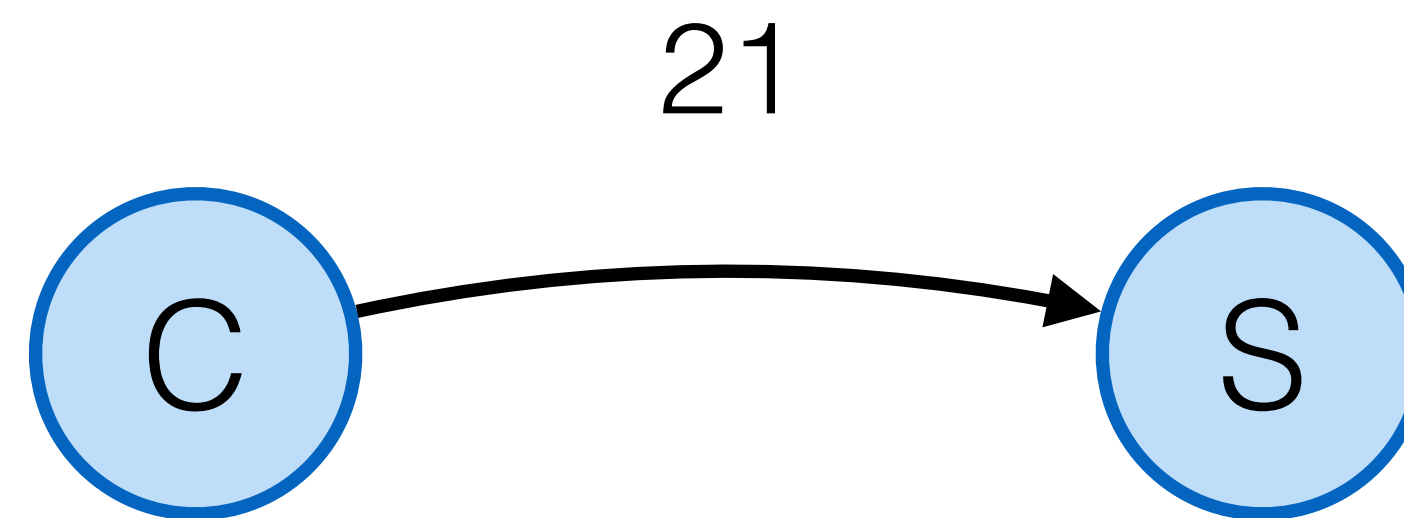
precondition

postcondition

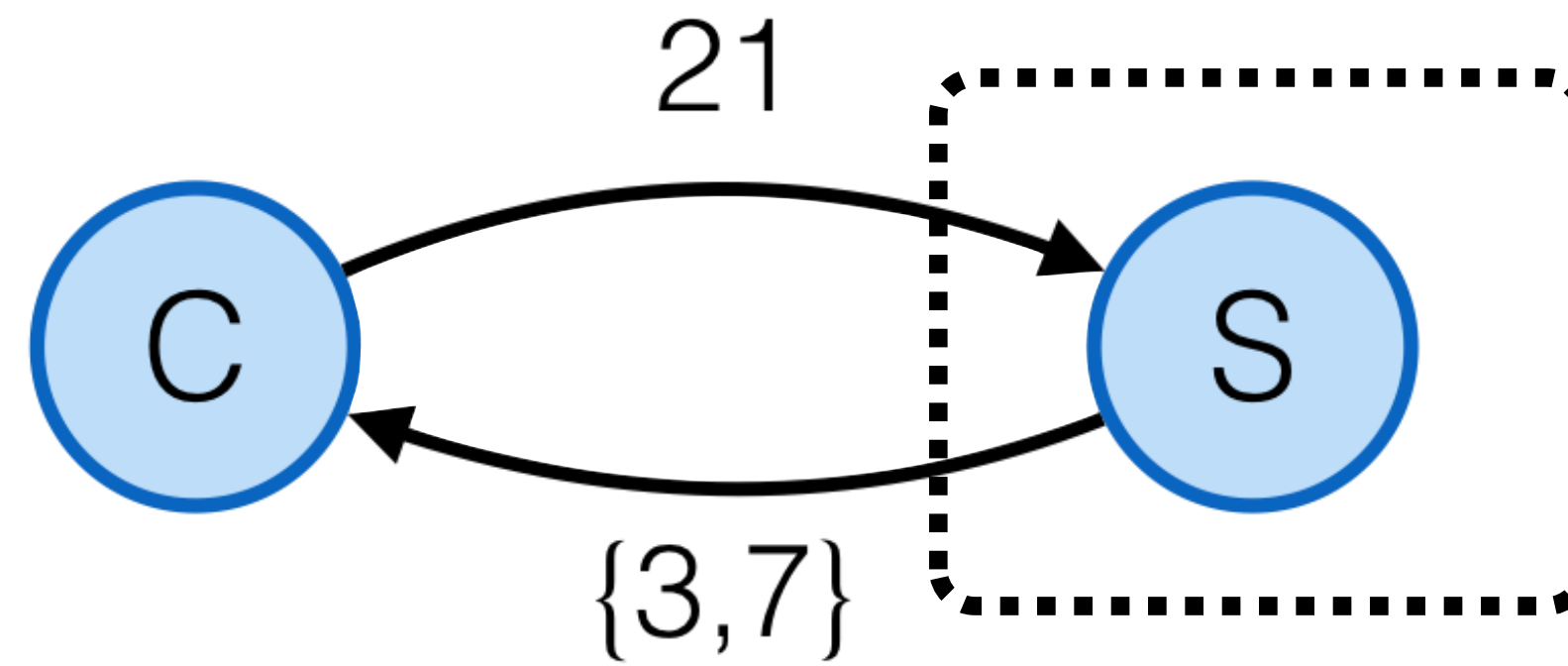
If the initial state satisfies  $P$ , then, after  $c$  terminates, the final state satisfies  $Q$ .

# Working Example: Cloud Compute System

# Cloud Compute



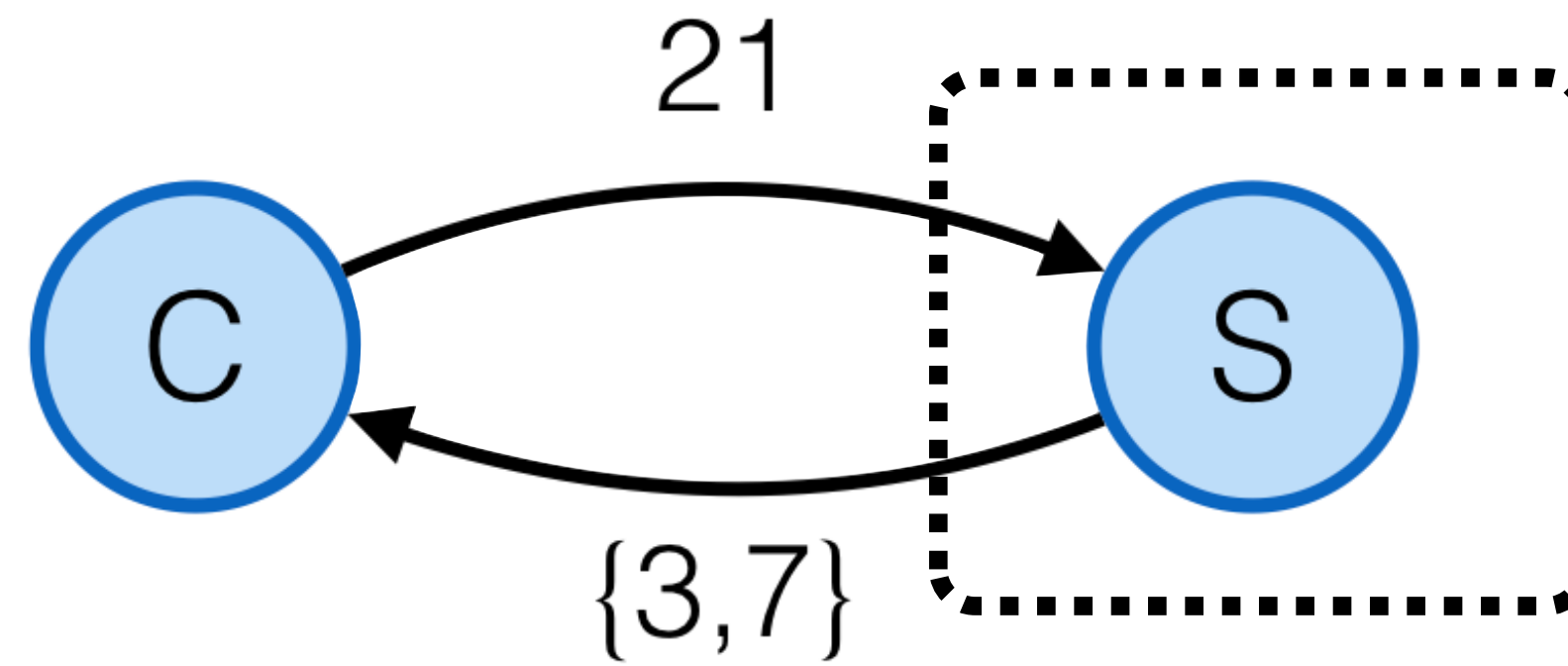
# Cloud Compute: Server



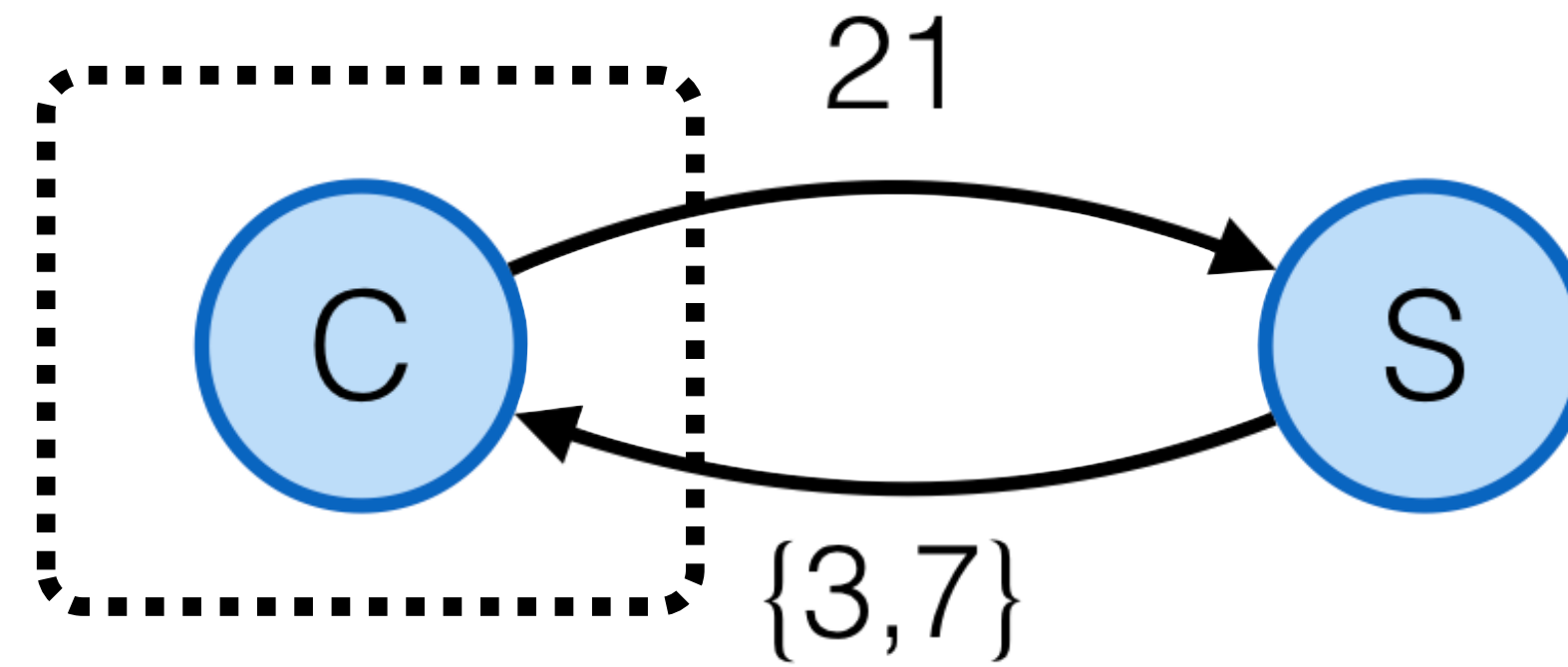
# Cloud Compute: Server

```
while True:  
    (from, n) <- recv  
    send (n, factors(n)) to from
```

# Cloud Compute: Server



# Cloud Compute: Client

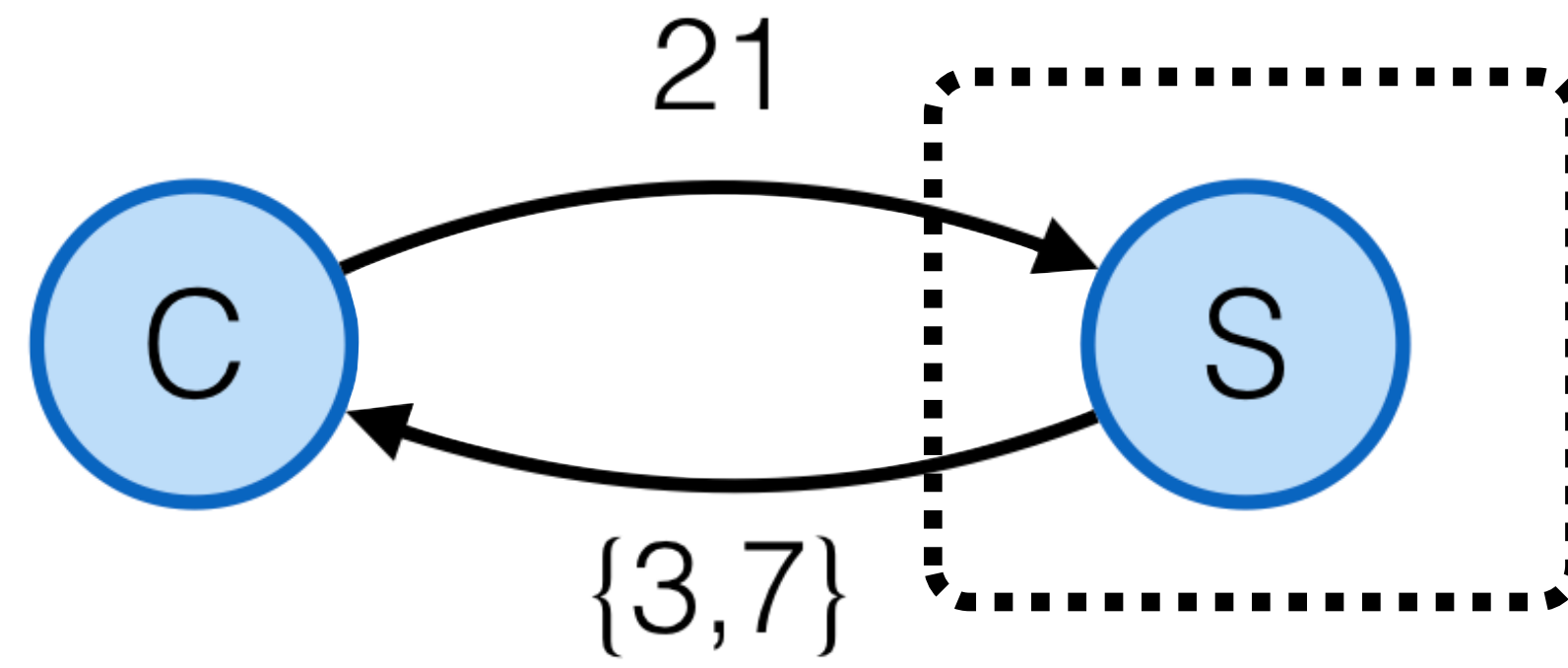


# Cloud Compute: Client

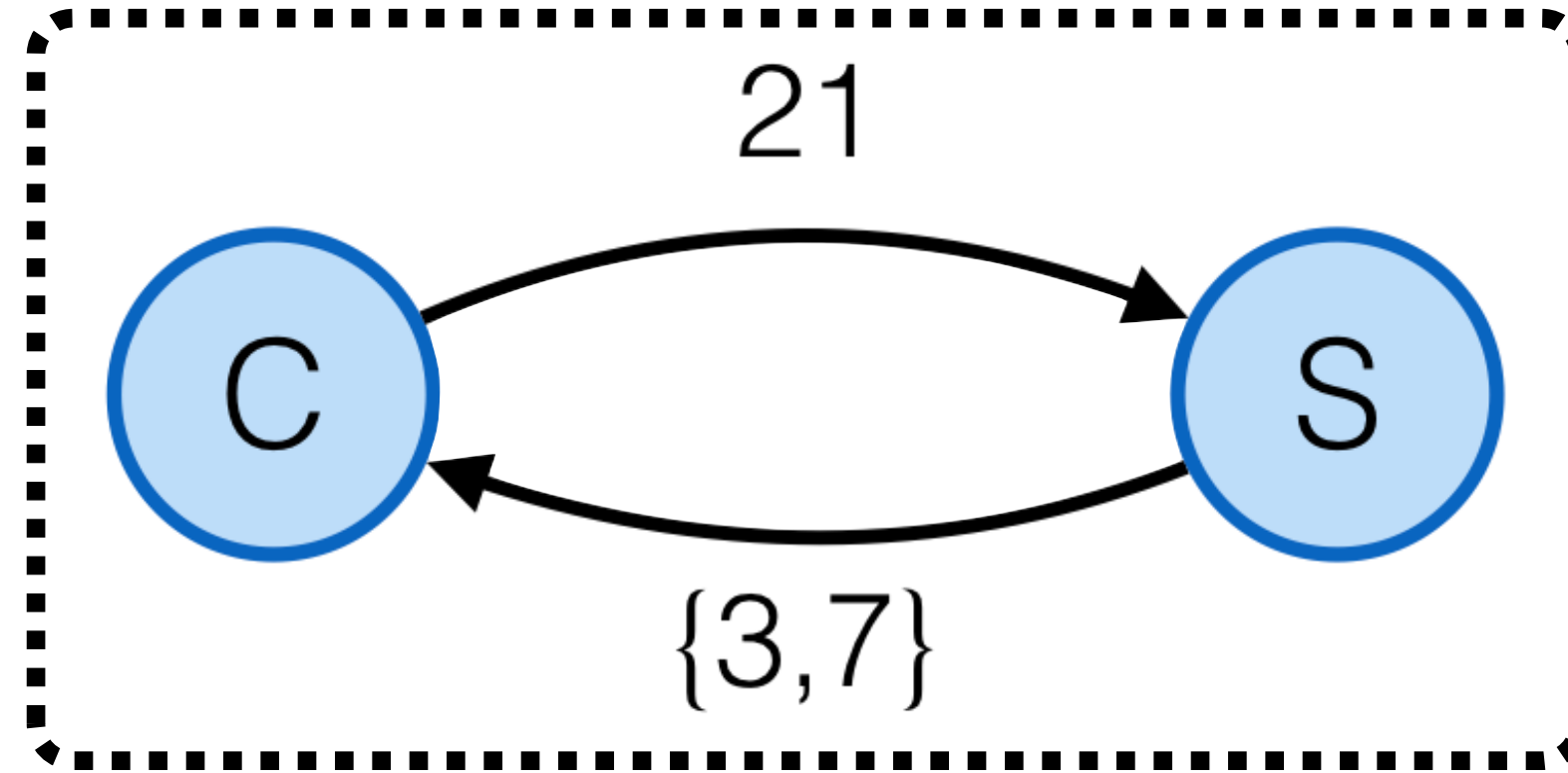
```
send 21 to server  
(_, ans) <- recv from server  
assert ans == {3, 7}
```



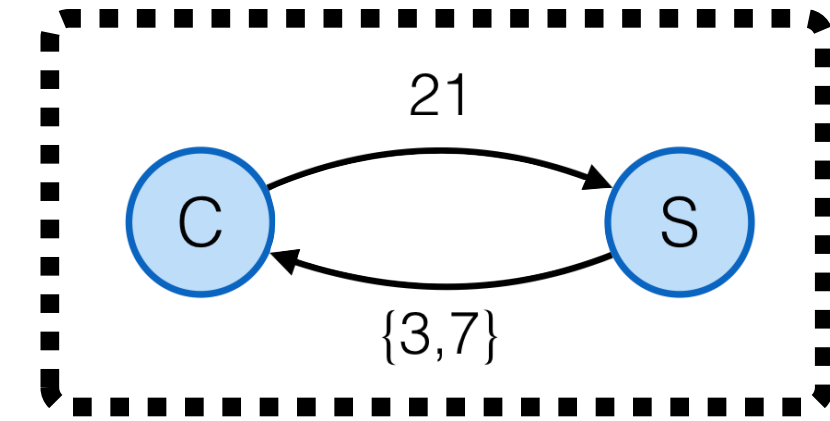
# Protocols



# Protocols



# Protocols

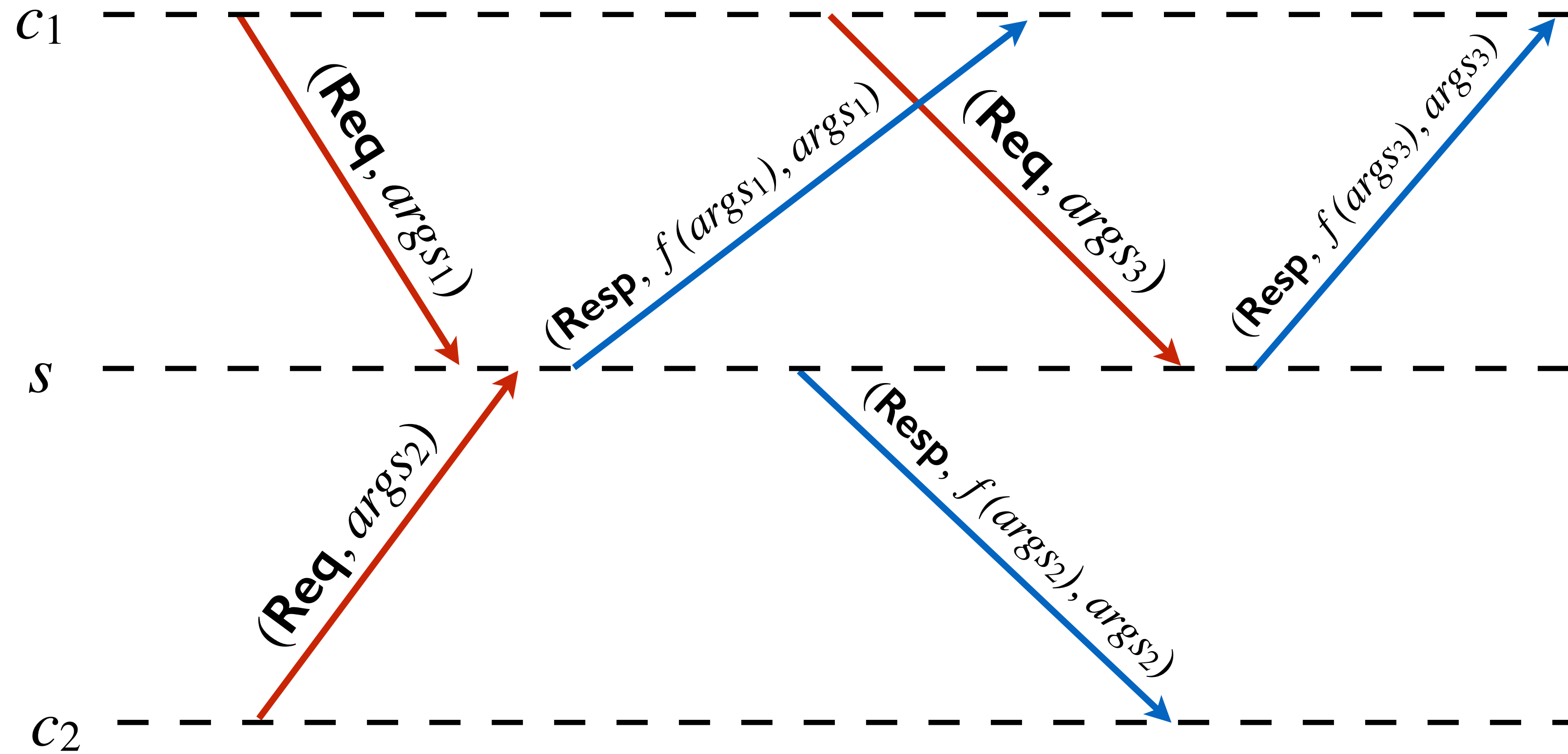


State:

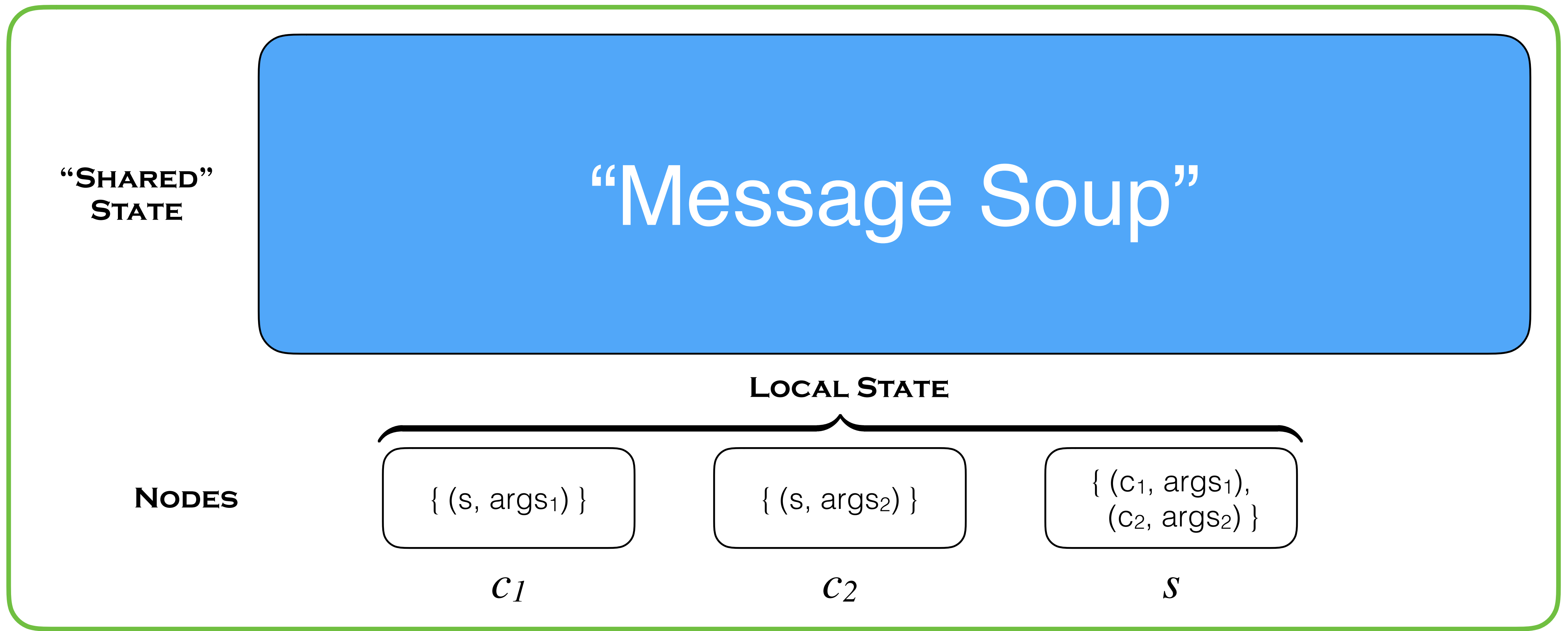
abstract state of each node +  
all *ever sent* messages

Transitions:

allowed sends and receives



# Cloud Compute State



DISTRIBUTED STATE OF THE PROTOCOL CC

# Send-Transitions

$\tau_s$	Requires $(m, to)$	Ensures
$sreq$	$n \in \bar{C} \wedge to \in \bar{S} \wedge$ $n \mapsto rs \wedge m = (\text{Req}, args) \wedge$ $args \in \text{dom}(f)$	$n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs$
$sresp$	$n \in \bar{S} \wedge f(args) = v \wedge$ $n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs \wedge$ $m = (\text{Resp}, v, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$

# Send-Transitions

$\tau_s$	Requires ( $m, to$ )	Ensures
$sreq$	$n \in \bar{C} \wedge to \in \bar{S} \wedge$ $n \mapsto rs \wedge m = (\mathbf{Req}, args) \wedge$ $args \in \mathbf{dom}(f)$	$n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs$
$sresp$	$n \in \bar{S} \wedge f(args) = v \wedge$ $n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs \wedge$ $m = (\mathbf{Resp}, v, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$

$sreq((\mathbf{Req}, args_1), s)$

$\{\}$

$c_1$

$\{\}$

$c_2$

$\{\}$

$s$

# Send-Transitions

$\tau_s$	Requires ( $m, to$ )	Ensures
$sreq$	$n \in \overline{C} \wedge to \in \overline{S} \wedge$ $n \mapsto rs \wedge m = (\mathbf{Req}, args) \wedge$ $args \in \text{dom}(f)$	$n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs$
$sresp$	$n \in \overline{S} \wedge f(args) = v \wedge$ $n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs \wedge$ $m = (\mathbf{Resp}, v, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$

$[(\mathbf{Req}, args_1), \text{from: } c_1, \text{to: } s]$

$\{(s, args_1)\}$

$c_1$

$\{\}$

$c_2$

$\{\}$

$s$

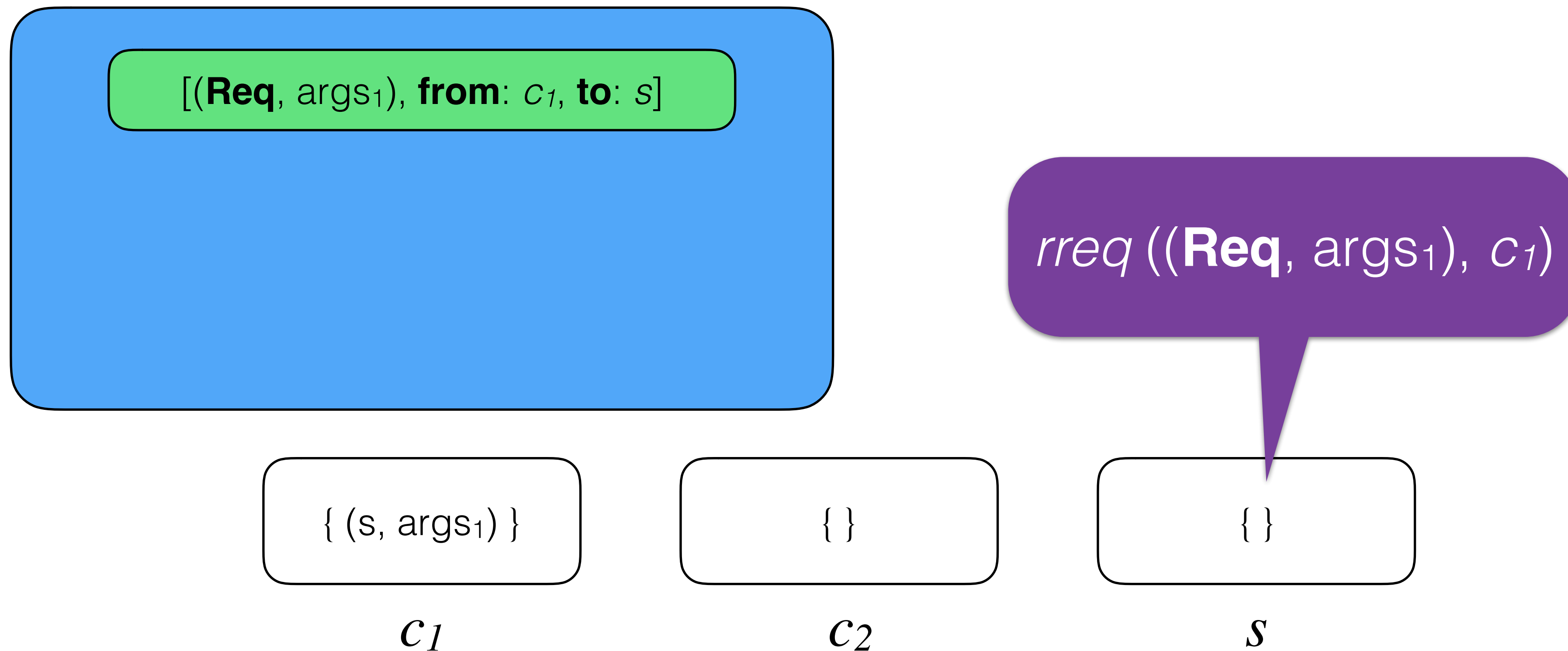


# Receive-Transitions

$\tau_r$	Requires ( $m, from$ )	Ensures
$rreq$	$n \in \bar{S} \ \&\& \ n \mapsto rs \ \&\&$ $m = (\text{Req}, args)$	$n \mapsto (from, args) \cup rs$
$rresp$	$n \in \bar{C} \ \&\&$ $n \mapsto (from, args) \cup rs \ \&\&$ $m = (\text{Resp}, ans, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$

# Receive-Transitions

$\tau_r$	Requires ( $m, from$ )	Ensures
$rreq$	$n \in \bar{S} \ \&\& \ n \mapsto rs \ \&\& \ m = (Req, args)$	$n \mapsto (from, args) \cup rs$
$rresp$	$n \in \bar{C} \ \&\& \ n \mapsto (from, args) \cup rs \ \&\& \ m = (Resp, ans, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$



# Receive-Transitions

$\tau_r$	Requires ( $m, from$ )	Ensures
$rreq$	$n \in \bar{S} \ \&\& \ n \mapsto rs \ \&\& \ m = (Req, args)$	$n \mapsto (from, args) \cup rs$
$rresp$	$n \in \bar{C} \ \&\& \ n \mapsto (from, args) \cup rs \ \&\& \ m = (Resp, ans, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$

**[**(Req, args<sub>1</sub>), **from:** c<sub>1</sub>, **to:** s**]**

{ (s, args<sub>1</sub>) }

*c*<sub>1</sub>

{ }

*c*<sub>2</sub>

{ (c<sub>1</sub>, args<sub>1</sub>) }

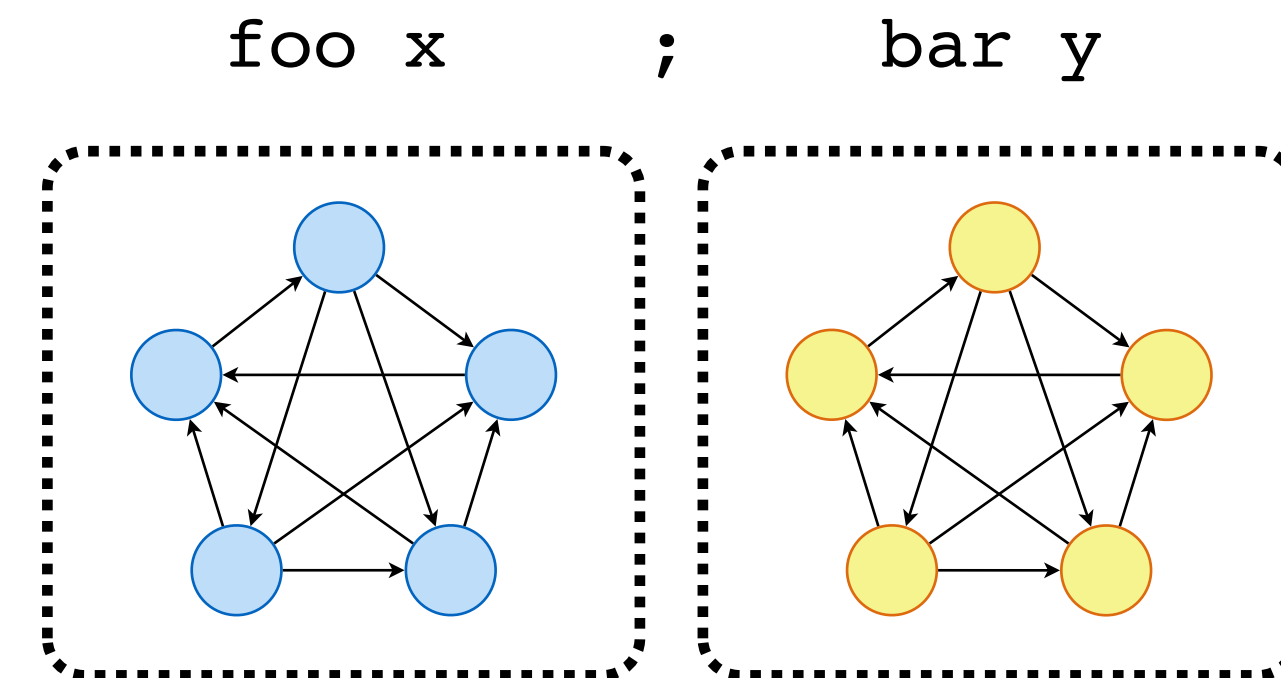
*s*

# Composition in Distributed Systems

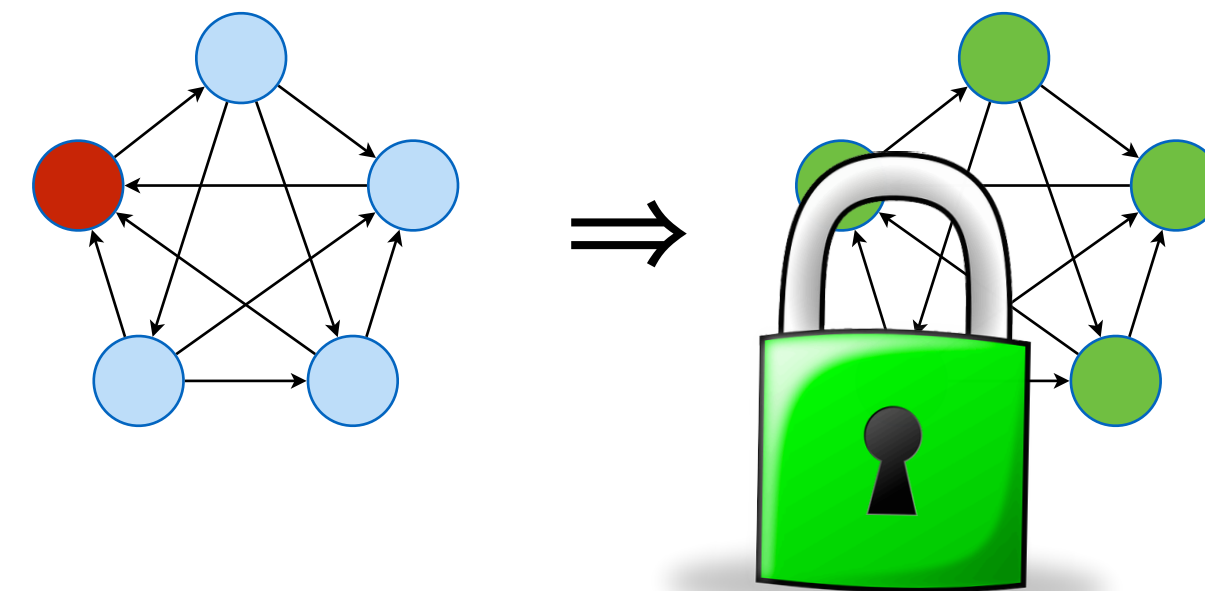
- Modular Program Verification

```
let f x = send x to h;  
        r ← receive_from h  
        return r  
in (f 42) + (f 239)
```

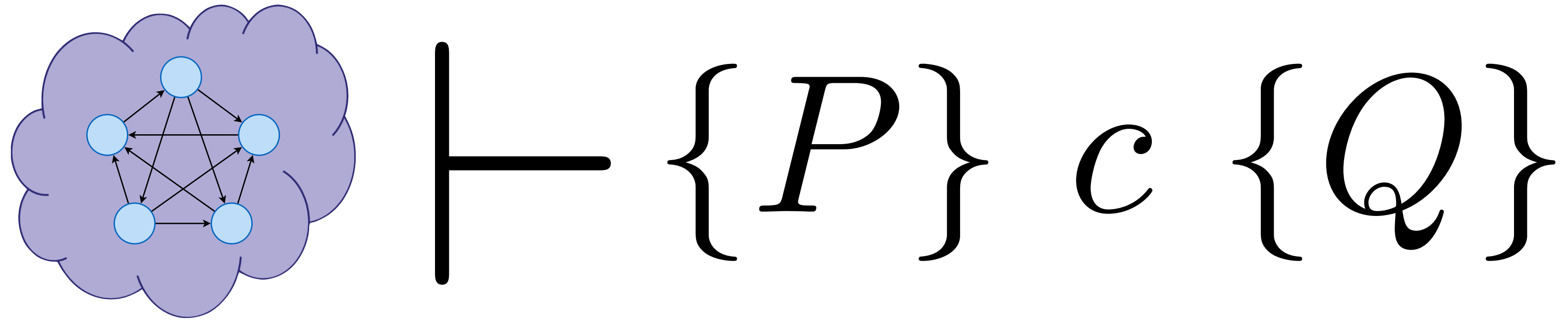
- Horizontal System Decomposition



- Inter-Protocol Dependencies



# From Protocols to Hoare Specs



# From Protocols to Hoare Specs

$$\boxed{\text{tr}} \in \text{Network} \quad P \Rightarrow Pre_{\boxed{\text{tr}}}$$

---

$$\text{Network} \vdash \{ \quad \} \text{ send } \boxed{\text{tr}} \text{ total } h \{ \quad \}$$

Don't know if applicable!  
(e.g., args = [0])

```
letrec server_loop _ =  
  (from, args) ← blocking_receive();  
  let ans = factor(args) in  
  sendsresp ((Resp, ans, args), from);  
  server_loop()  
in server_loop()
```

## Send-transitions

$\tau_s$	Requires $(m, to)$	Ensures
$sreq$	$n \in \bar{C} \wedge to \in \bar{S} \wedge$ (a) $n \mapsto rs \wedge m = (\text{Req}, args) \wedge$ $args \in \text{dom}(f)$ (c)	$n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs$
$sresp$	$n \in \bar{S} \wedge f(args) = v \wedge$ $n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs \wedge$ $m = (\text{Resp}, v, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$

## Receive-transitions

$\tau_r$	Requires $(m, from)$	Ensures
$rreq$	$n \in \bar{S} \ \&\& \ n \mapsto rs \ \&\&$ $m = (\text{Req}, args)$ (b)	$n \mapsto (from, args) \uplus rs$
$rresp$	$n \in \bar{C} \ \&\&$ $n \mapsto (from, args) \uplus rs \ \&\&$ $m = (\text{Resp}, ans, args)$	$n \mapsto rs$



# Inductive Invariant $\text{Inv}_1$

$$\text{Inv}_1(s) \triangleq \forall m \in s.\text{MS}, m = \langle \textit{from}, \textit{to}, -, (\text{Req}, \textit{args}) \rangle \\ \Rightarrow \textit{args} \in \text{dom}(\text{factor})$$

# A rule for Invariant Strengthening

$$\text{Inv}_1(s) \triangleq \forall m \in s.\text{MS}, m = \langle \text{from}, \text{to}, -, (\text{Req}, \text{args}) \rangle \\ \Rightarrow \text{args} \in \text{dom}(\text{factor})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; \langle \ell \mapsto \mathcal{P}_\ell \uplus W, H \rangle \vdash^n c : \{P\}\{Q\} \quad I \text{ is inductive wrt. } \mathcal{P}_\ell \quad \mathcal{I} \triangleq \forall s, \text{this } s \Rightarrow I(s)}{\Gamma; \langle \ell \mapsto \text{WithInv}(\mathcal{P}_\ell, I) \uplus W, H \rangle \vdash^n c : \{P \wedge \mathcal{I}\}\{Q \wedge \mathcal{I}\}}$$

A “protocol combinator”

$$\text{Inv}_1(s) \triangleq \forall m \in s.\text{MS}, m = \langle \text{from}, \text{to}, -, (\text{Req}, \text{args}) \rangle \\ \Rightarrow \text{args} \in \text{dom}(\text{factor})$$

WithInv(CC,  $\text{Inv}_1$ )



```
CCI1 ⊢ letrec server_loop _ =
    (from, args) ← blocking_receive();
    let ans = factor(args) in
    sendsresp ((Resp, ans, args), from);
    server_loop()
in server_loop():

{ this is a server ∧ ∃rs, this ↷ rs }
{ False }
```

# More Implementations for Cheap

# A Batching Server

```
letrec receive_batch (k : nat)  $\triangleq$   
  if k = k' + 1  
  then fargs  $\leftarrow$  receive_req ();  
       rest  $\leftarrow$  receive_batch k';  
       return fargs :: rest  
  else return []
```

```
letrec send_batch (rs : [(Node, [nat])])  $\triangleq$   
  if rs = (from, args) :: rs'  
  then let v = f(args) in  
       send[sresp, l]((Resp, v, args), from);  
       send_batch rs'  
  else return ()
```

```
letrec batch_server (bsize : nat)  $\triangleq$   
  reqs  $\leftarrow$  receive_batch bsize; send_batch(reqs); batch_server bsize
```

**CCI**<sub>1</sub>  $\vdash$  batch\_server(5) :

{ this is a server  $\wedge$   $\exists$ rs, this  $\rightsquigarrow$  rs }

{ False }

# A Memoising Server

```
letrec memo_server (mmap : map)  $\triangleq$   
  (from, args)  $\leftarrow$  receive_req ();  
  let ans = lookup mmap in  
  if ans  $\neq$   $\perp$  then send[sresp,  $\ell$ ]((Resp, ans, args), from);  
    memo_server mmap  
  else let ans = f(args) in  
    send[sresp,  $\ell$ ](m, (Resp, ans, args));  
    let mmap' = update(mmap, args, ans) in  
    memo_server mmap'
```

$\text{CCI}_1 \vdash \text{memo\_server}(\{\}) :$

{ this is a server  $\wedge \exists rs, \text{this} \rightsquigarrow rs$  }

{ False }

# A Client Implementation

```
CCl1 ⊢ fun compute_factor (arg, serv) =  
    sendsreq ((Req, args), serv);  
    r ← receive_resp();  
    return r :
```

```
{ serv is a server ∧  
  arg ∈ dom(factor) ∧  
  this ↷ ∅ }
```

```
{ res = factor(arg) ∧ this ↷ ∅ }
```

Cannot conclude  $res = factor(args)$ .

$CCI_1 \vdash receive\_resp() :$

$\{ this \mapsto \{ (serv, arg) \} \}$

$\{ \langle serv, this, \bullet, (Resp, res, arg) \rangle \in MS \wedge$

$this \mapsto \emptyset \}$



## Send-transitions

$\tau_s$	Requires $(m, to)$	Ensures
$sreq$	$n \in \bar{C} \wedge to \in \bar{S} \wedge$ $n \mapsto rs \wedge m = (\text{Req}, args) \wedge$ $args \in \text{dom}(f)$	$n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs$
$sresp$	$n \in \bar{S} \wedge f(args) = v \wedge (b)$ $n \mapsto (to, args) \uplus rs \wedge$ $m = (\text{Resp}, v, args) (a)$	$n \mapsto rs$

## Receive-transitions

$\tau_r$	Requires $(m, from)$	Ensures
$rreq$	$n \in \bar{S} \ \&\& \ n \mapsto rs \ \&\&$ $m = (\text{Req}, args)$	$n \mapsto (from, args) \uplus rs$
$rresp$	$n \in \bar{C} \ \&\&$ $n \mapsto (from, args) \uplus rs \ \&\&$ $m = (\text{Resp}, ans, args) (c)$	$n \mapsto rs$

# Inductive Invariant $\text{Inv}_2$

$$\text{Inv}_2(s) \triangleq \forall m \in s.\text{MS}, m = \langle -, -, -, (\text{Resp}, \text{ans}, \text{args}) \rangle \\ \Rightarrow \text{factor}(\text{args}) = \text{ans}$$

$\text{Inv}_2(s) \triangleq \forall m \in s.\text{MS}, m = \langle -, -, -, (\text{Resp}, \text{ans}, \text{args}) \rangle$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{factor}(\text{args}) = \text{ans}$

WithInv(CCl<sub>1</sub>, Inv<sub>2</sub>)



```
CCl2 ⊢ fun compute_factor (arg, serv) =  
  sendsreq ((Req, args), serv);  
  r ← receive_resp();  
  return r
```

: { *serv is a server* ∧  
 arg ∈ dom(factor) ∧  
 this ↷ ∅ }

{ **res = factor(arg)** ∧ this ↷ ∅ }

# Composition in Distributed Systems

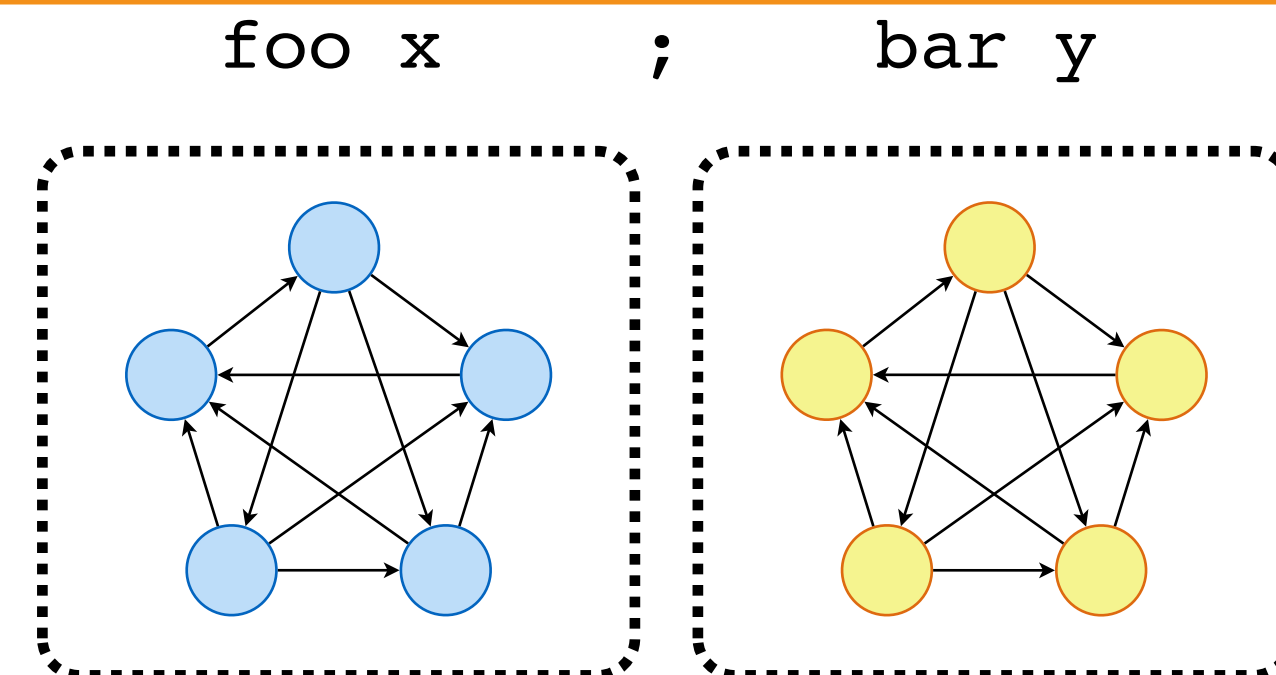
- Modular Program Verification



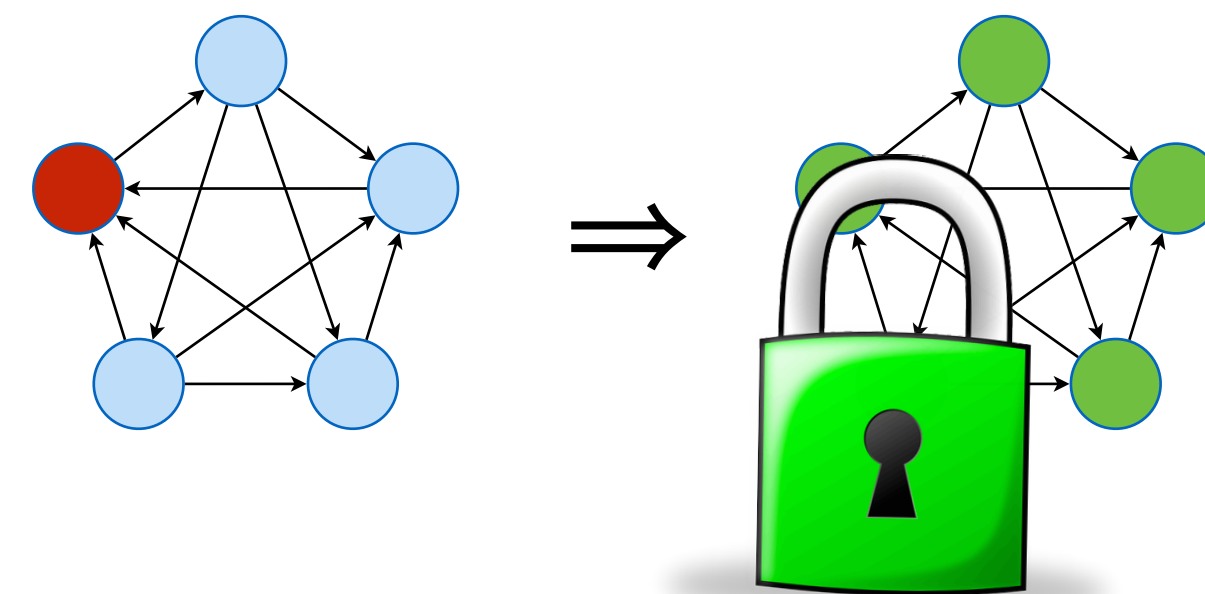
Protocol-aware logic +  
Rule for *inductive invariants*

```
let f x = send x to h;  
        r ← receive_from h  
        return r  
in (f 42) + (f 239)
```

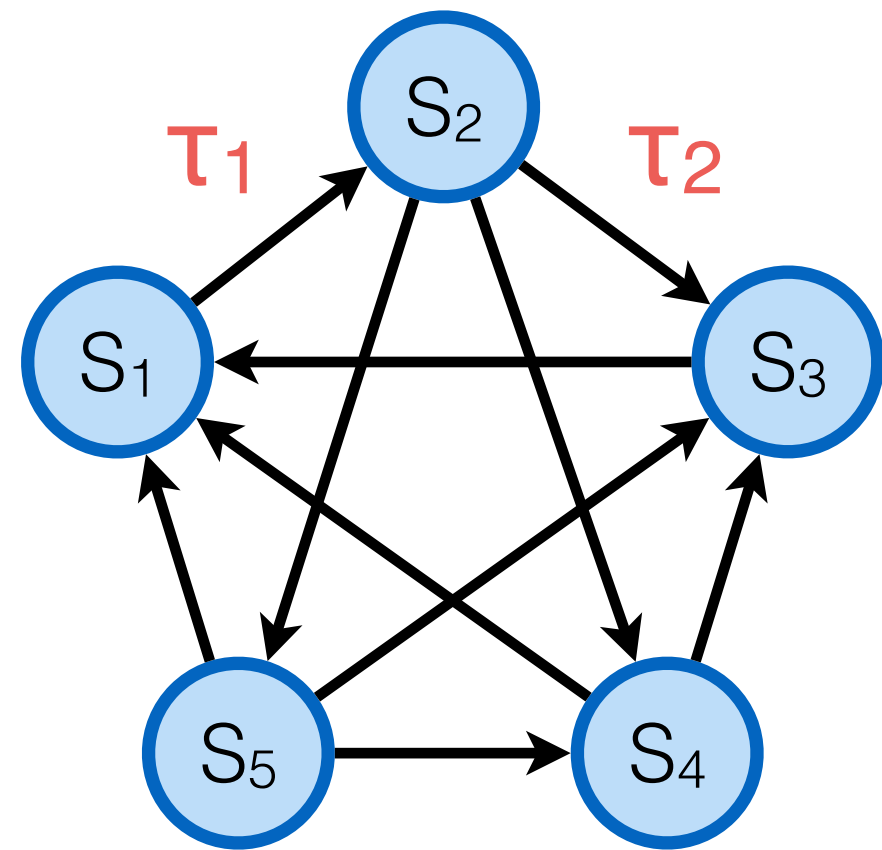
- Horizontal System Decomposition



- Inter-Protocol Dependencies



# Horizontal System Decomposition



⊢

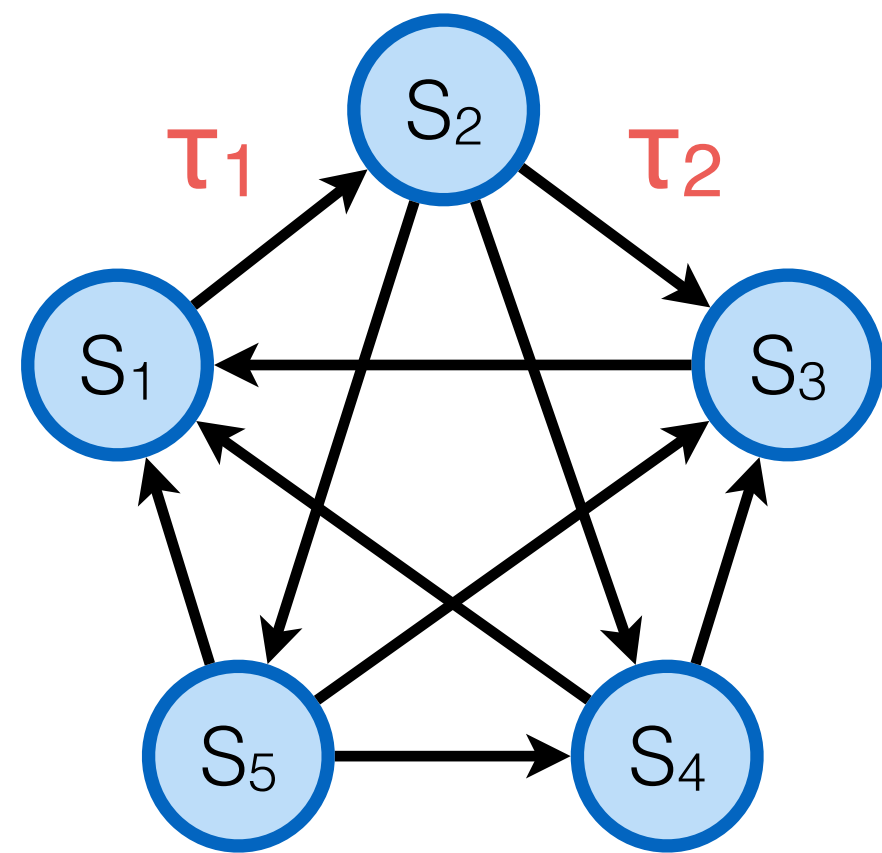
```
{s | s = S1}
```

```
( send(msg);  
doStuff(); ) T1
```

```
{s | s = S2}
```

```
( m <- receive(c);  
doMoreStuff(); ) T2
```

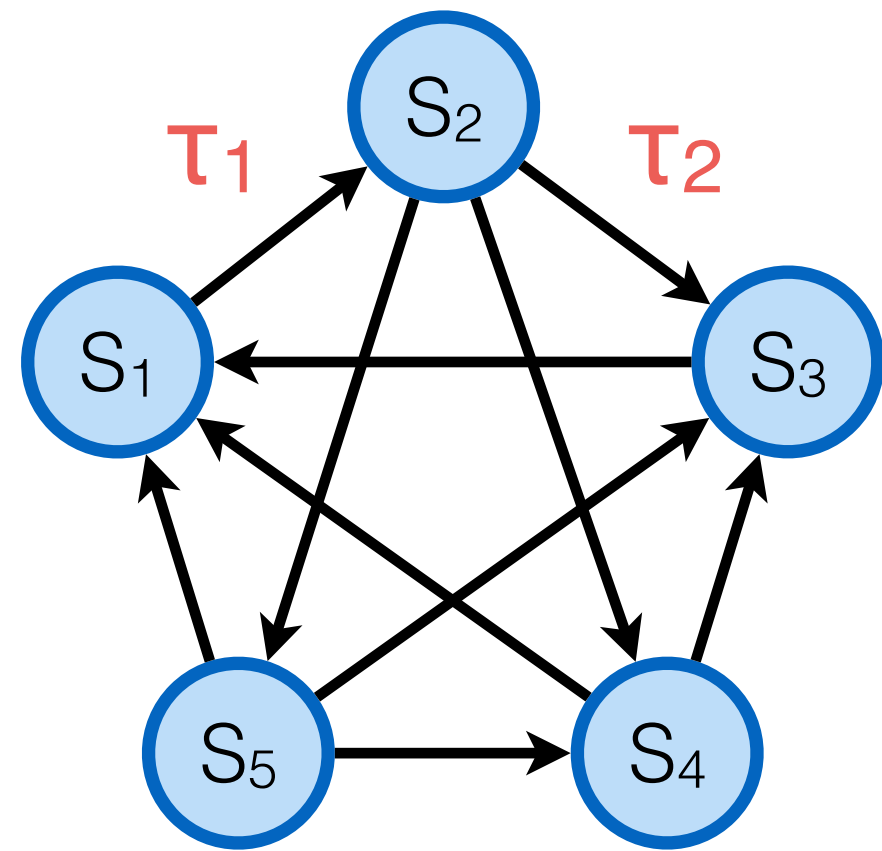
```
{s | s = S3}
```



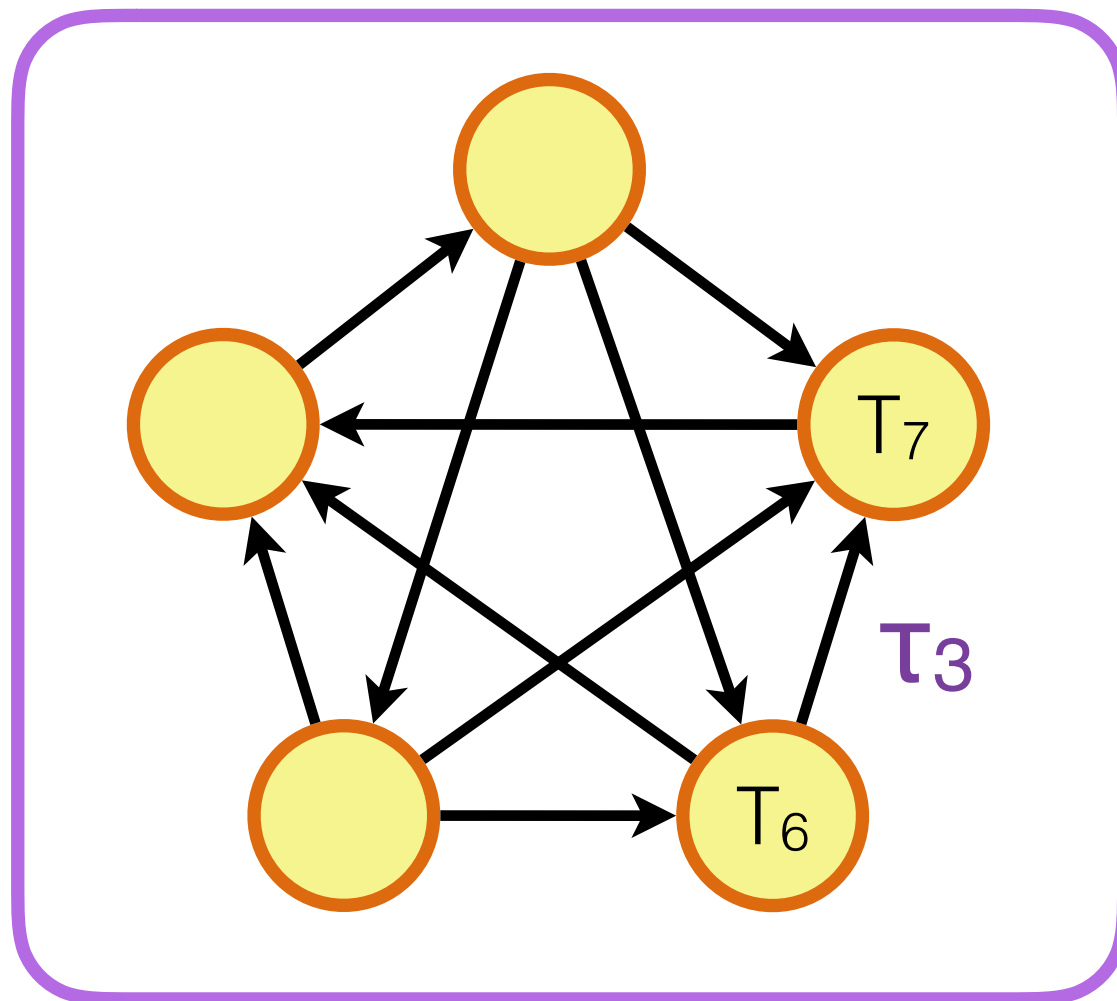
⊢

```
{s | s = S1}
(send(msg);
doStuff();) τ1
```

```
{s | s = S2}
(m <- receive(c);
doMoreStuff();) τ2
doOtherStuff();
{s | s = S3}
```



$\oplus$



“frame”

$\vdash$

```
{s | s = S1 ⊕ T6}
(send(msg);
doStuff(); ) τ1
```

```
{s | s = S2 ⊕ T6}
```

```
( m ← receive(c);
doMoreStuff(); ) τ2
```

```
{s | s = S3 ⊕ T6}
```

```
( doOtherStuff();
{s | s = S3 ⊕ T7} ) τ3
```

# A Delegating Server

$\boxed{CCI_1} \oplus \boxed{CCI_2} \vdash$

```
letrec delegating_server (n' : Node) =  
  (from, args) ← blocking receive();  
  let ans = compute_factor(args) in  
  sendsresp ((Resp, ans, args), from);  
  delegating_server (n')  
in delegating_server(server)
```



# Composition in Distributed Systems

- Modular Program Verification



Protocol-aware logic +  
Rule for *inductive invariants*

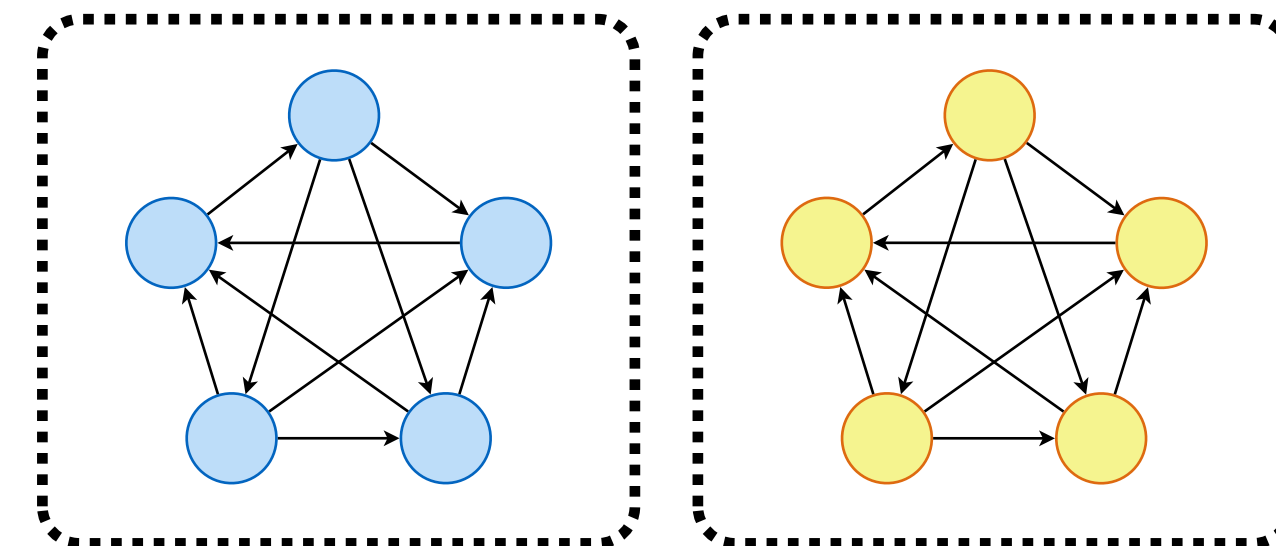
```
let f x = send x to h;  
        r ← receive_from h  
        return r  
in (f 42) + (f 239)
```

- Horizontal System Decomposition

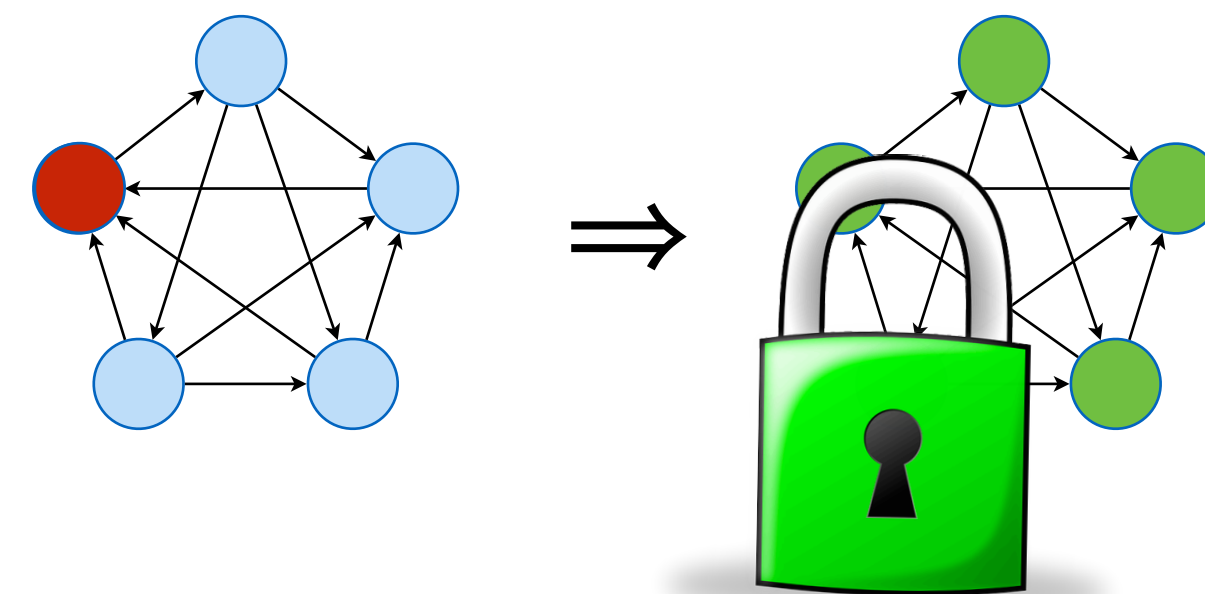


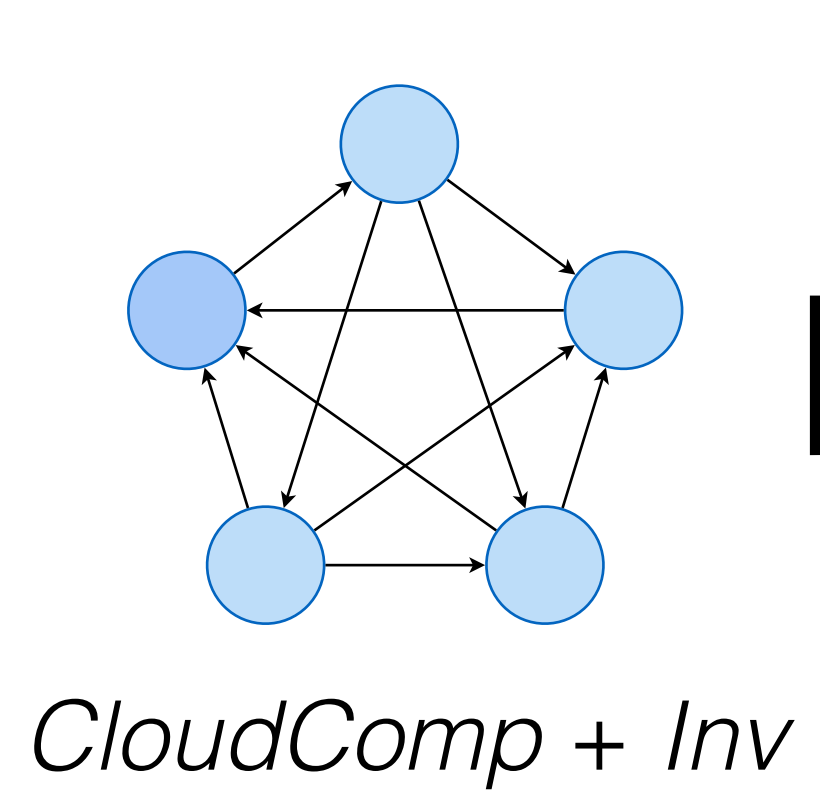
Framing wrt. a protocol

foo x ; bar y

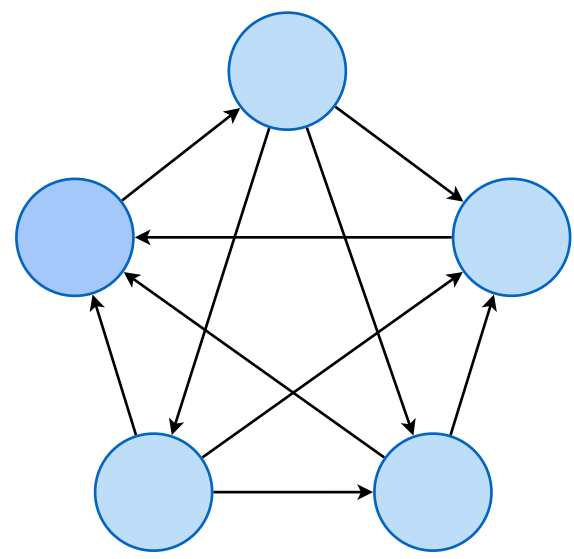


- Inter-Protocol Dependencies

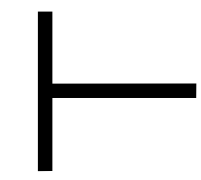




$\vdash$   $\{True\}$   
 $r \leftarrow \text{compute\_factor}(n);$   
 $\{r = \text{factor}(n)\}$



*CloudComp + Inv*

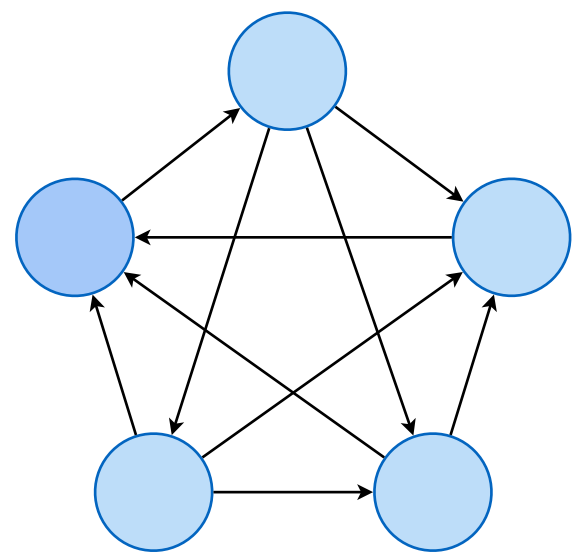


{True}

`r ← compute_factor(n);`

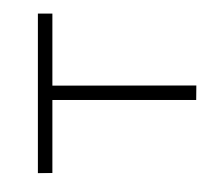
`ps ← query_server(s)`

{`r = factor(n)`}



*CloudComp + Inv*

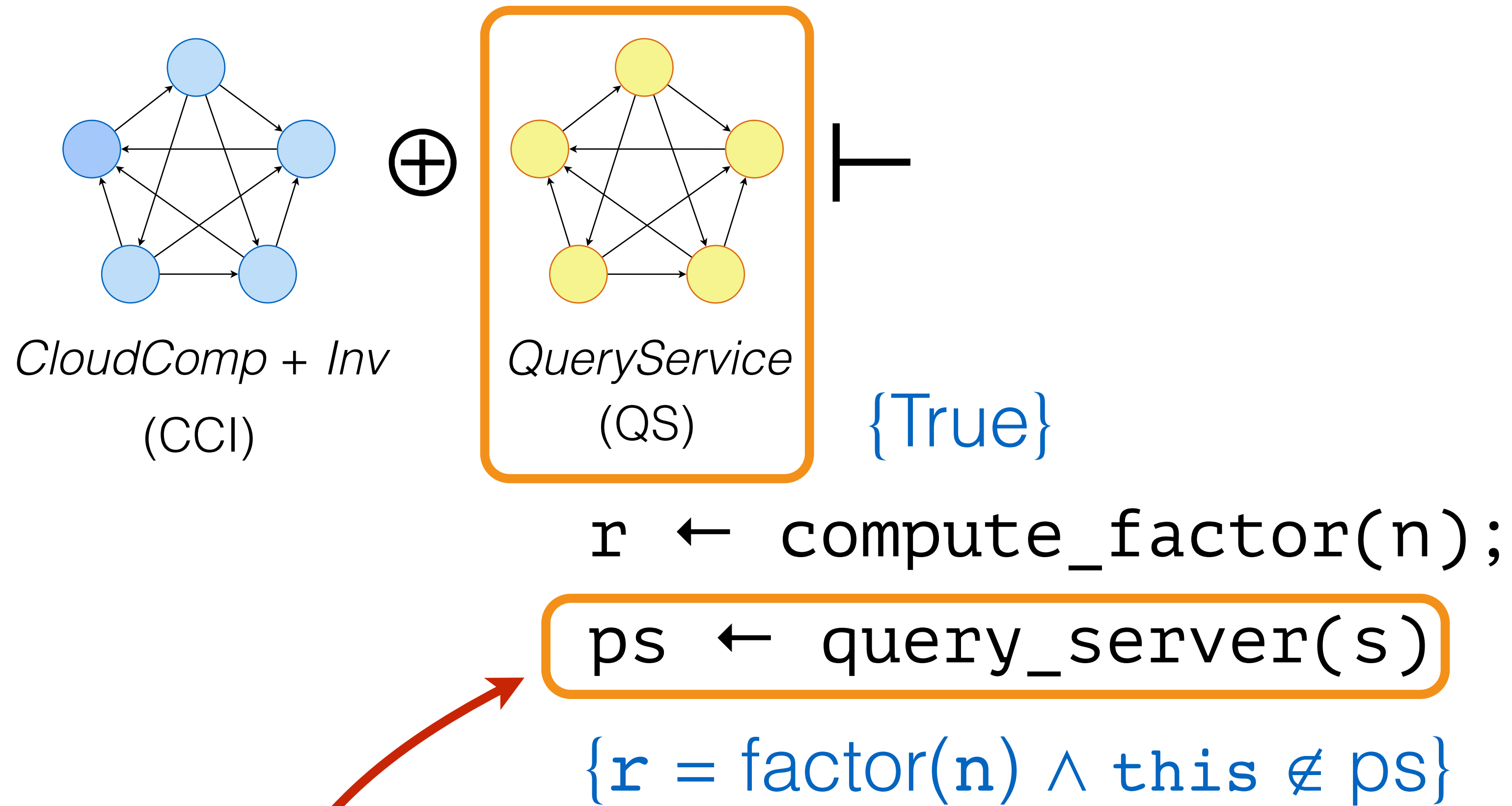
{True}



`r ← compute_factor(n);`

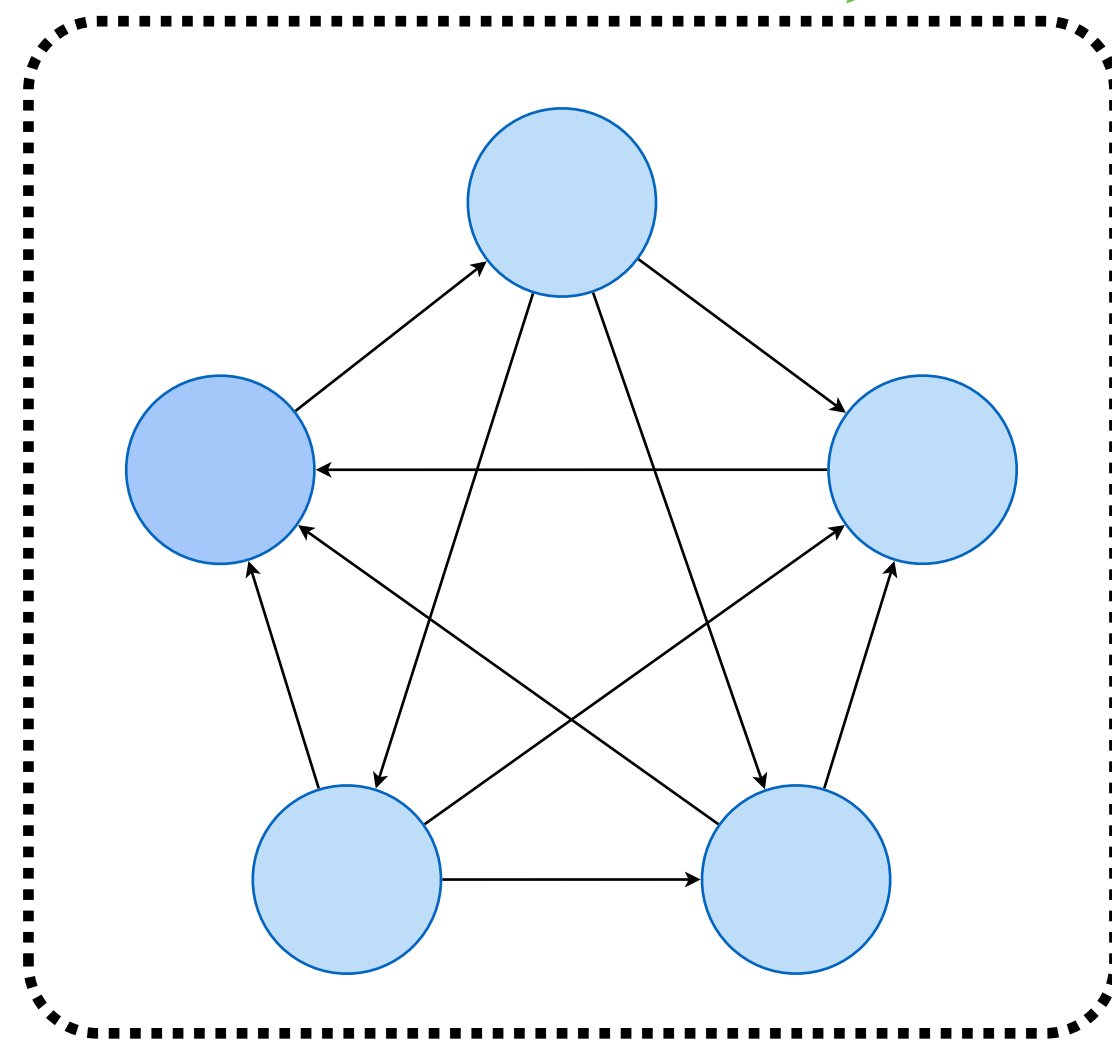
`ps ← query_server(s)`

{`r = factor(n) ∧ this ∉ ps`}



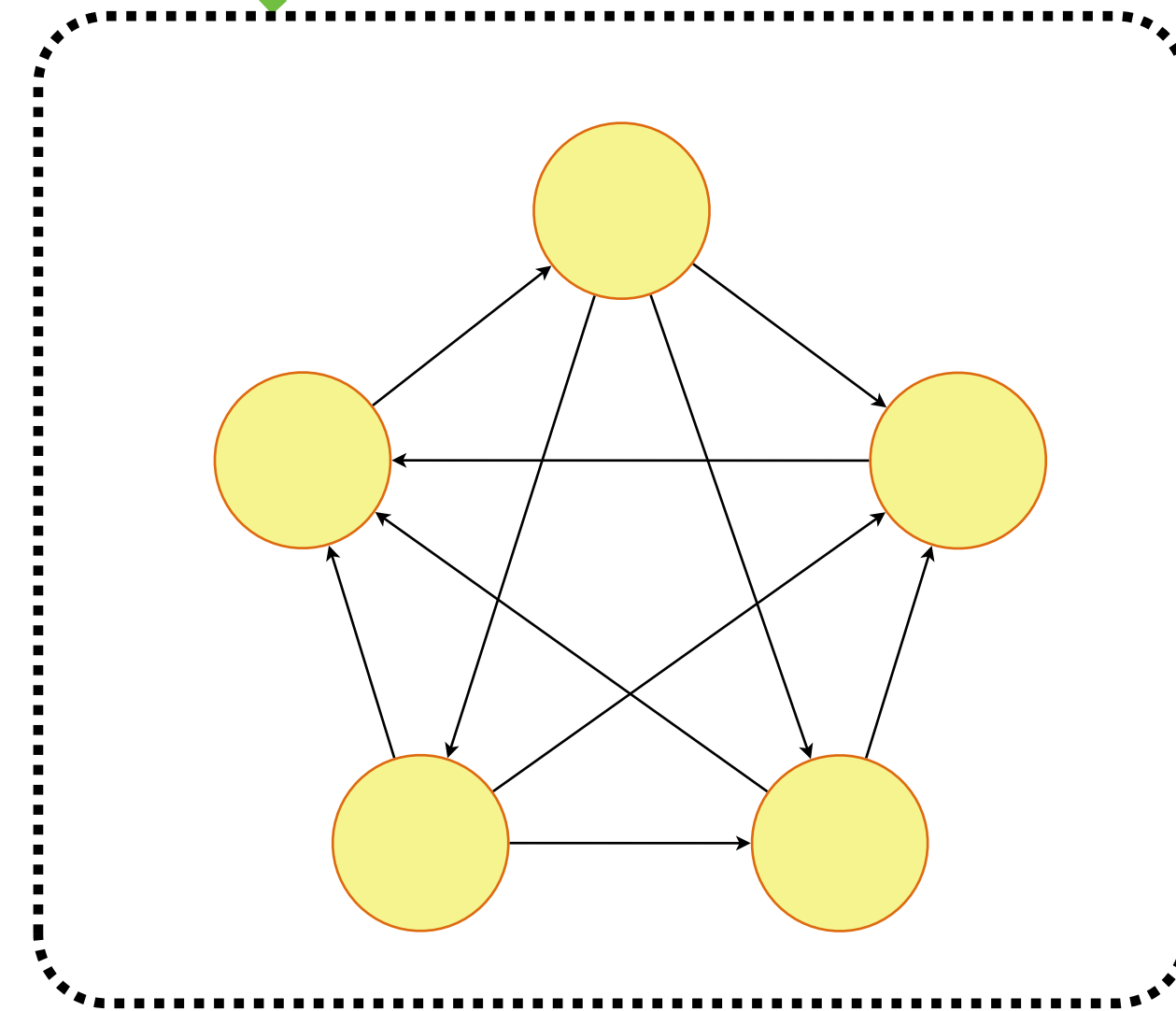
Why adequate wrt. CCI?

“restricted by”



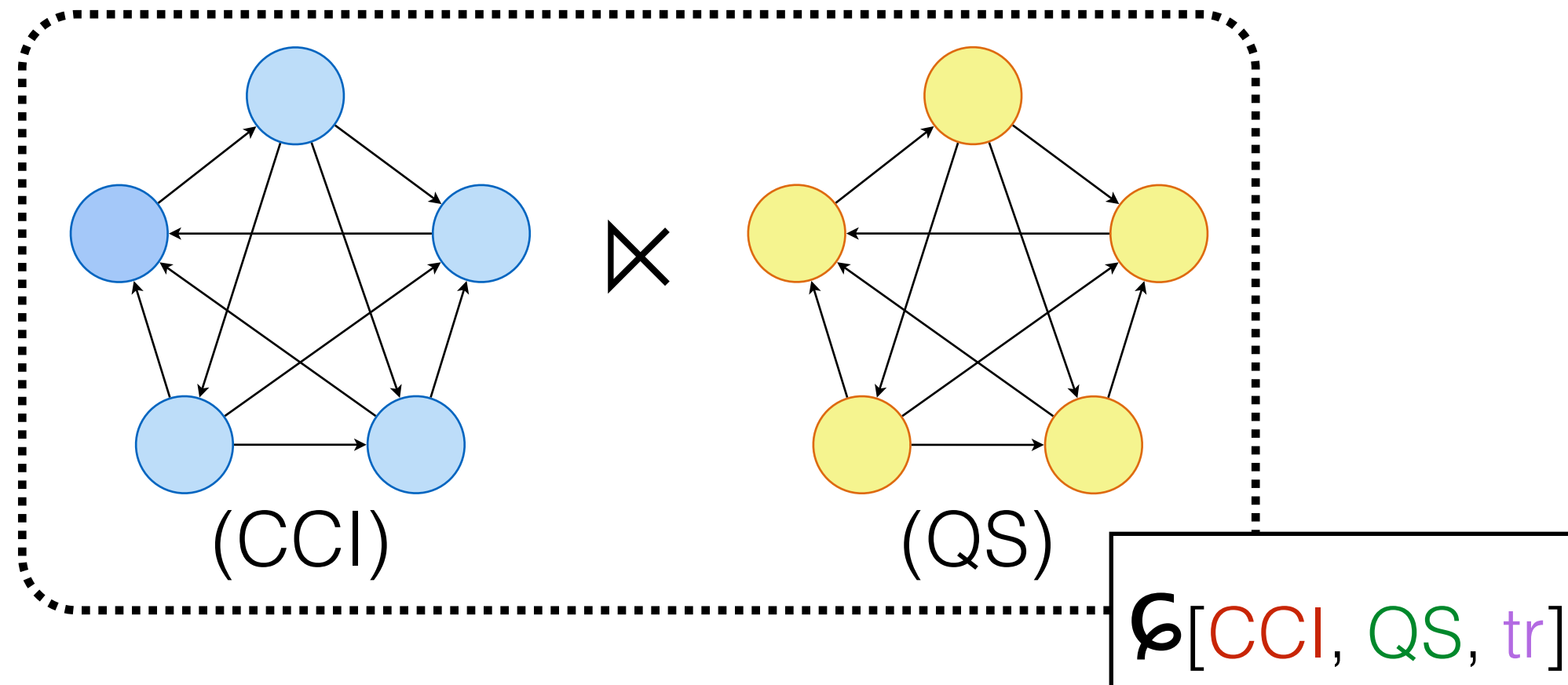
*CloudComp + Inv (CCI)*

$\times$



*QueryService (QS)*

# Logical Hooks

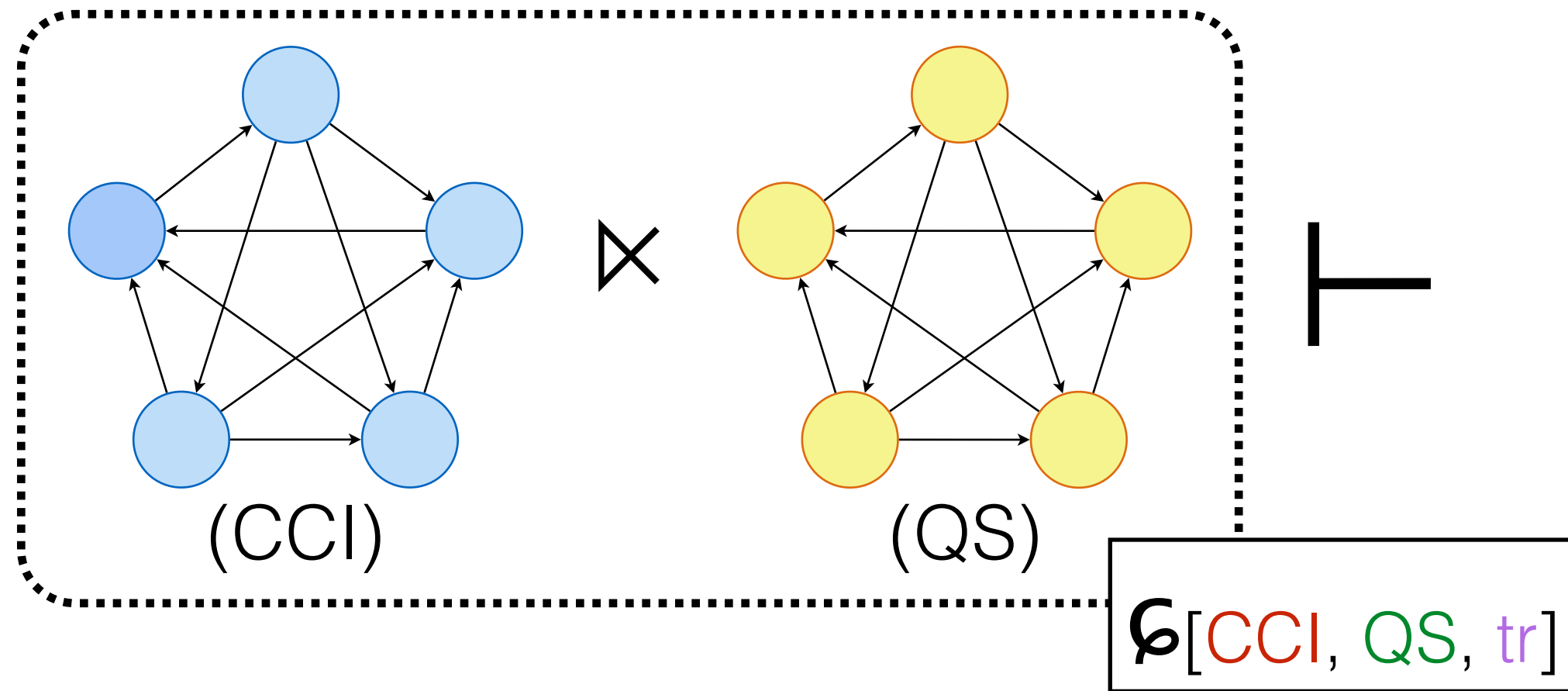


$$\wp_{[CCI, QS, tr]}(m, S_{cci}, S_{qs}) \triangleq$$

$$tr \in QS \wedge$$

$$tr \text{ is send-response-to-enquiry} \wedge$$

$$m = \text{perms}(S_{cci})$$

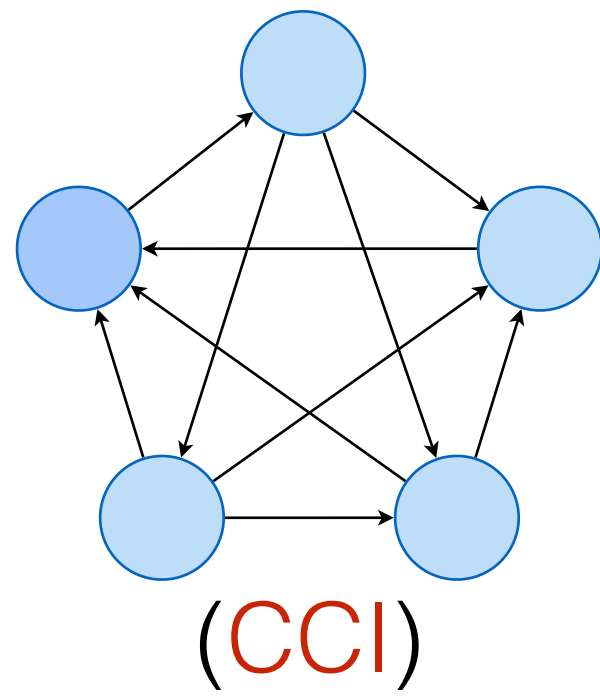


$r \leftarrow \text{compute\_factor}(n);$

$ps \leftarrow \text{query\_server}(s)$

$\{r = \text{factor}(n) \wedge \text{this} \notin ps\}$

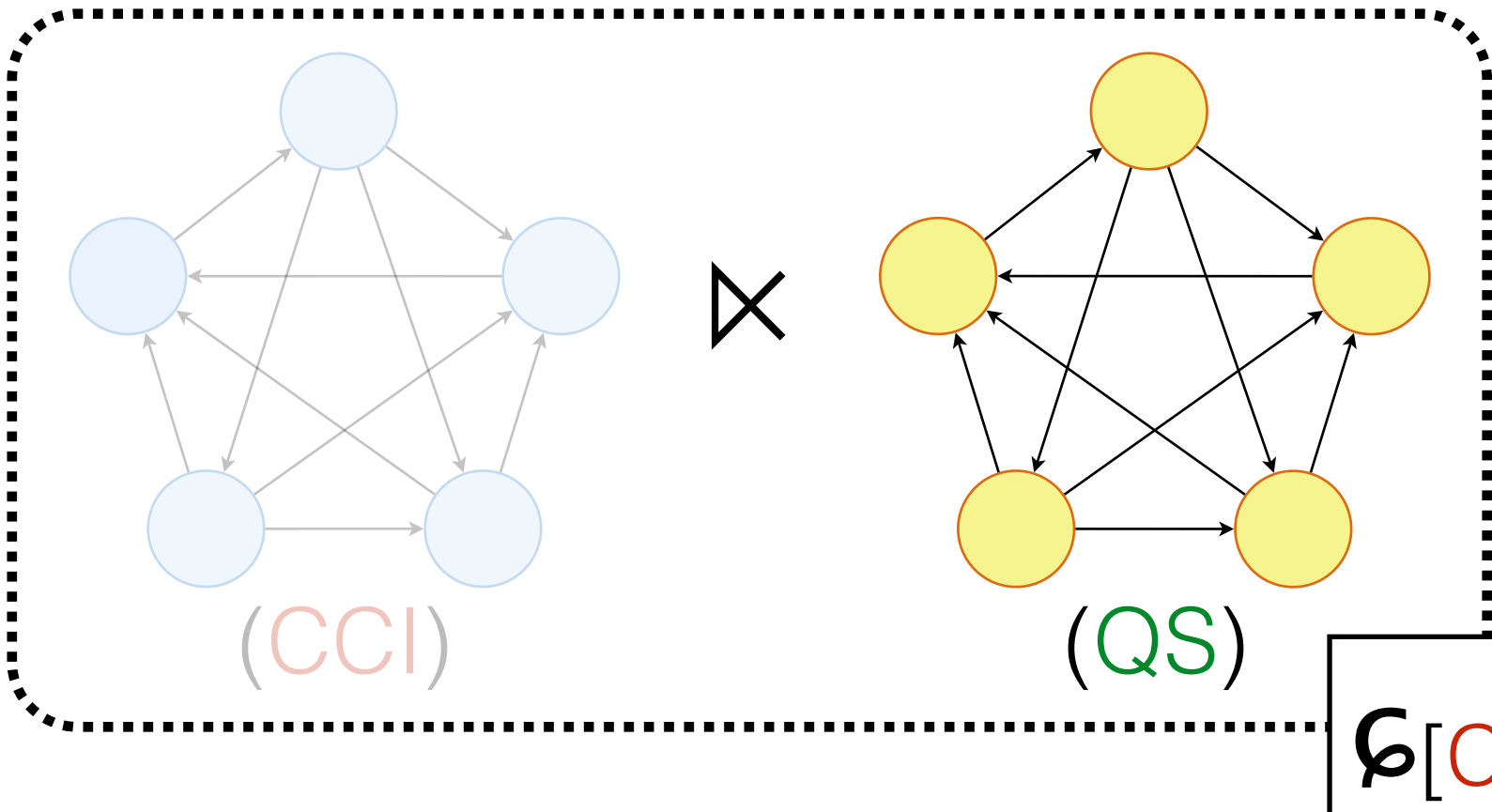




{True}

⊢ r ← compute\_factor(n);  
 {r = factor(n)}

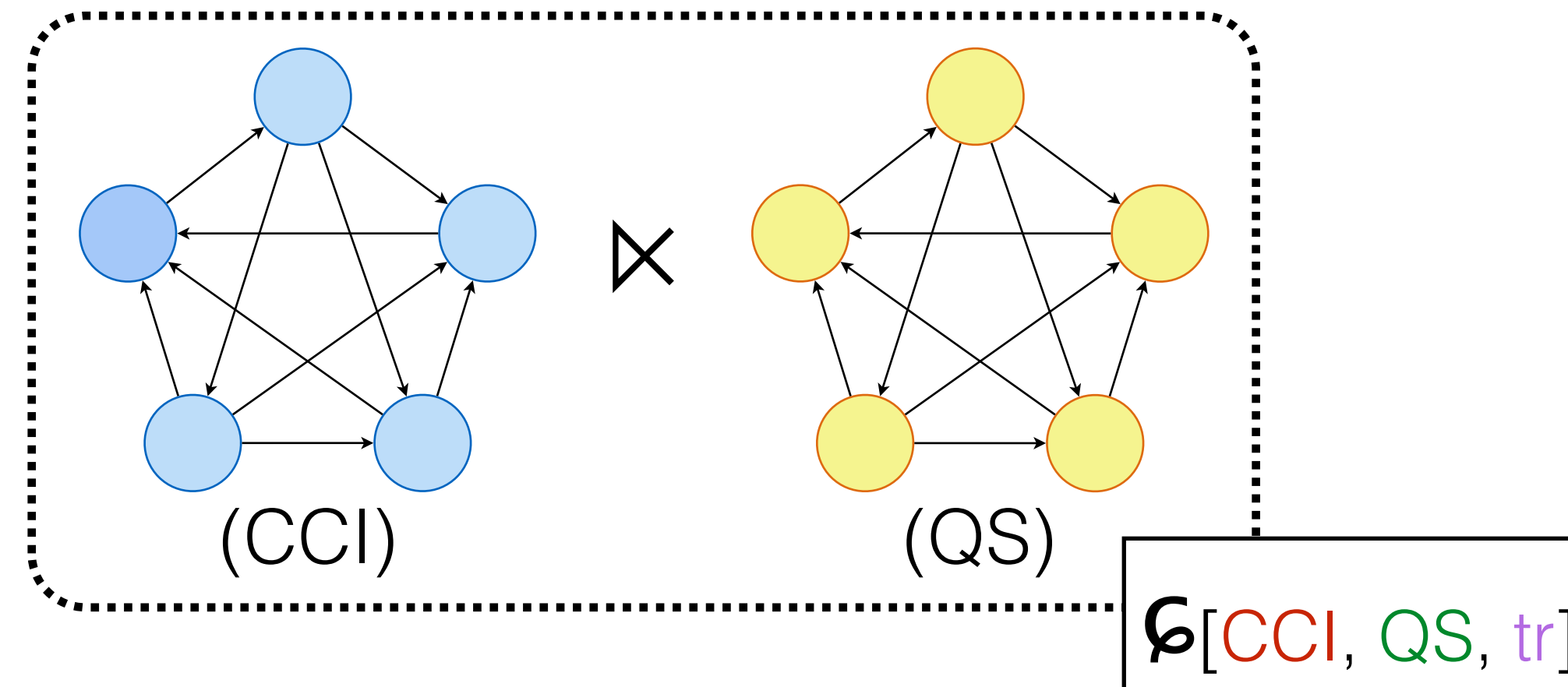
∧



{True}

⊢ ps ← query\_server(s)  
 {this ∉ ps}

# Hooks and Framing



- Hooks allow to *reuse* complex protocol invariants for **server** (dependable) components (e.g., **CCI**);
- *Hook Footprint* (e.g., **CCI**) determines necessary **server** protocol that cannot be “framed out”;
- Can be more *fine-grained*: consider *specific transitions*.

# Composition in Distributed Systems

- Modular Program Verification



Protocol-aware logic +  
Rule for *inductive invariants*

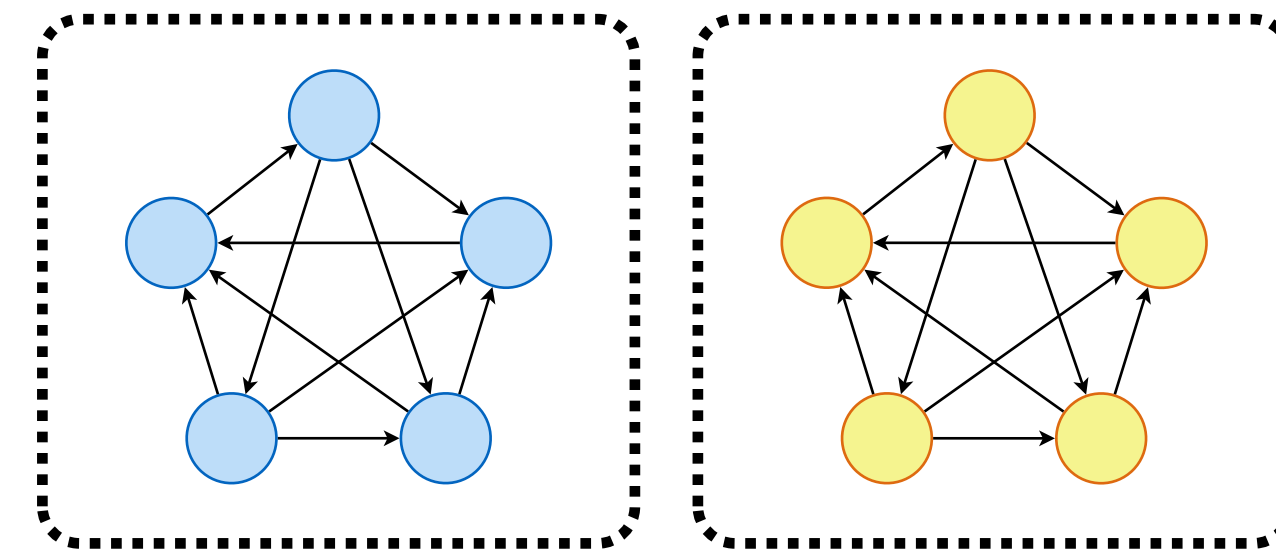
```
let f x = send x to h;  
        r ← receive_from h  
        return r  
in (f 42) + (f 239)
```

- Horizontal System Decomposition



Framing wrt. a protocol

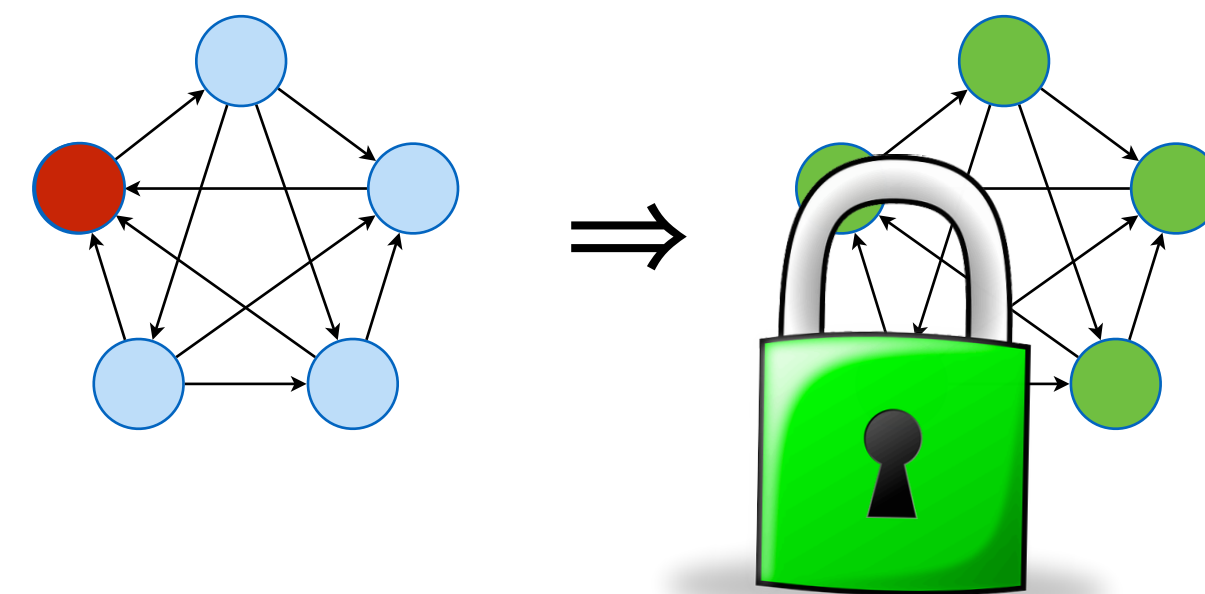
foo x ; bar y



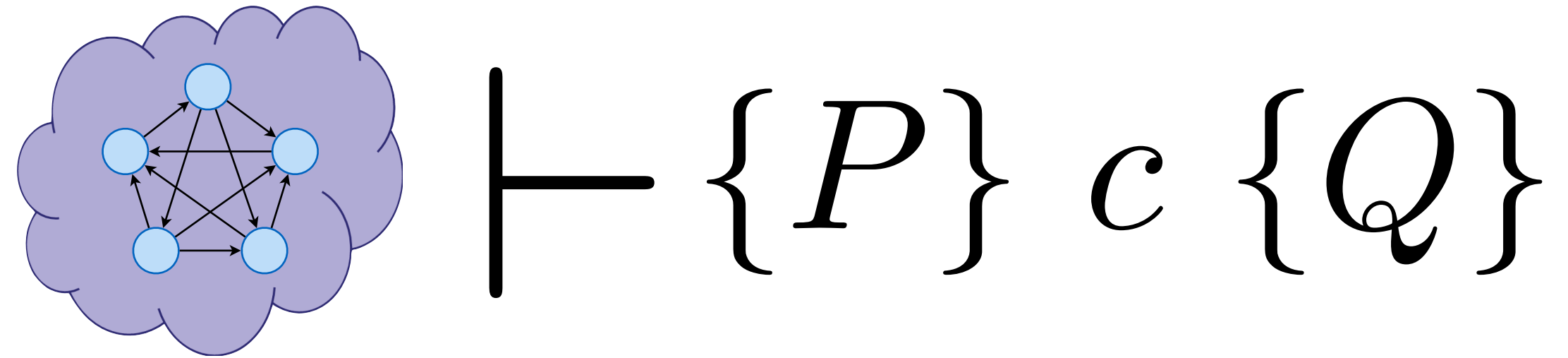
- Inter-Protocol Dependencies



Send-Hooks/Hook Footprint



# DISEL: Distributed Separation Logic



<https://github.com/DistributedComponents/disel>

- Cloud Compute + Variations;
- [Two-Phase Commit](#): Protocol, Invariants, Clients;
- Simple [Blockchain Consensus](#) protocol;
- [Lease-based lock](#) and distributed resource (WIP);
- Extraction and trusted shim implementation,



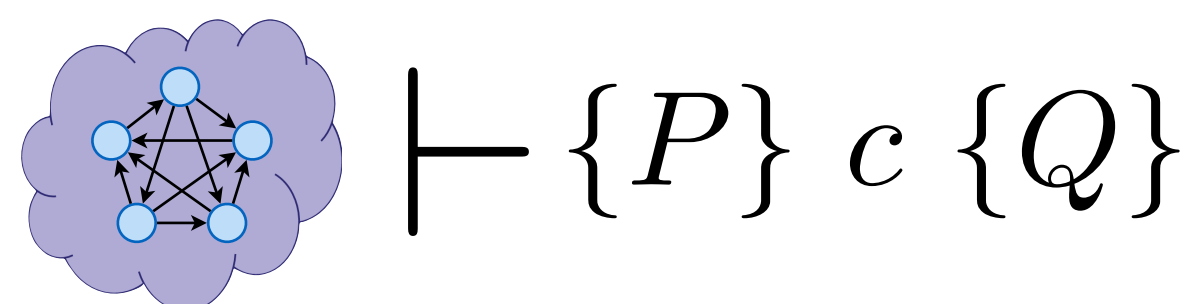


# To Take Away

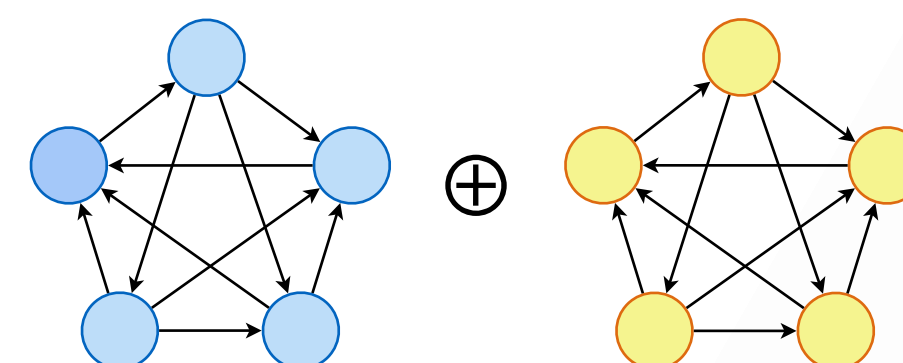


## Compositional Reasoning about Distributed Systems

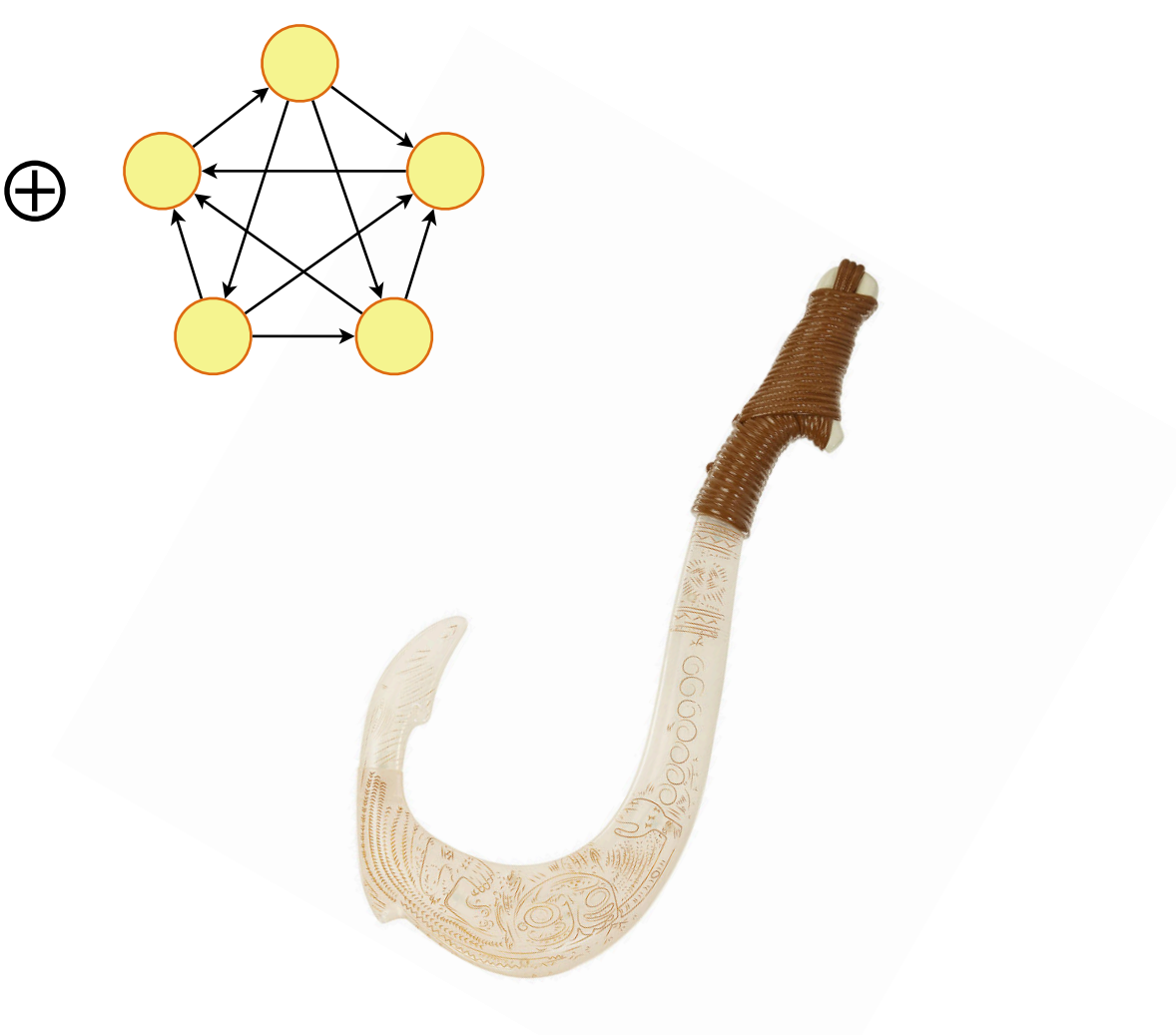
- Separation of Programs and Protocols: *Program Logics*



- Separation of Invariant Proofs: *Framing*



- Separation of Inter-Protocol Dependencies: *Hooks*



**Plenty of aspects to address in the future:**

node crashes, reconfiguration, byzantine faults, protocol updates, authentication, per-node concurrency, dynamic network topologies, integrating automation tools, (Ivy, TLA+, CVC4)...

Thanks!

Backup Slides

# How is it different from (Multiparty) Session Types?

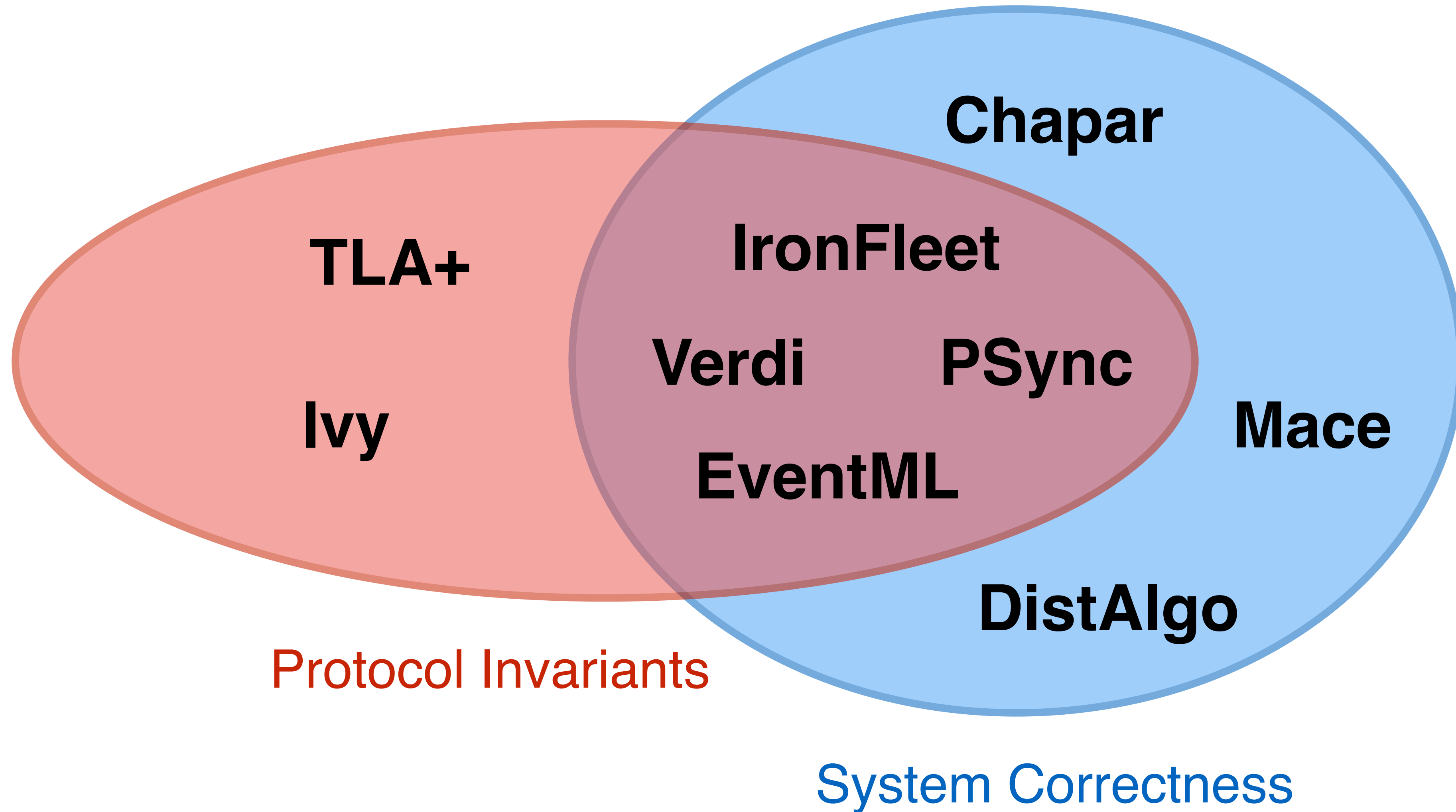
- Session types do not describe the state of nodes;
- No way to express global system invariants (*e.g.*, consensus);
- Limited support for horizontal system composition.

# How is it different from proving program refinement?

- Our logic establishes a version of refinement by means of “programming with linearization points”;
- Protocol transitions (send/receive) — observable LPs.
- Information hiding by means of abstract predicates.



# Verification Efforts



# Verification Efforts

	Protocol-implementation modularity	Modular program verification	Horizontal protocol composition
IronFleet	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Sort of</b>	<b>No</b>
Verdi	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>
PSync	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>
EventML	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>

# Protocol Framing with Hooks

FRAME

$$\Gamma; W \vdash^n c : \{P\}\{Q\}$$

NotHooked( $W, H$ )     $R$  is  $C$ -stable

---

$$\Gamma; W \uplus \langle C, H \rangle \vdash^n c : \{P * R\}\{Q * R\}$$

BIND

$$\frac{\Gamma; W \vdash^n c_1 : \{P\}\{Q \wedge \text{res} : \mathcal{T}\} \quad \Gamma, x : \mathcal{T}; W \vdash^n [x/\text{res}]c_2 : \{Q\}\{R\} \quad x \notin \text{FV}(R)}{\Gamma; W \vdash^n x \leftarrow c_1; c_2 : \{P\}\{R\}}$$

LETREC

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \mathcal{T}, f : \langle W, \forall x : \mathcal{T}. \{P\}\{Q\} \rangle; W \vdash^n c : \{P\}\{Q\}}{\Gamma; W \vdash^n \text{letrec } f(x : \mathcal{T}) \triangleq c : \forall x. \mathcal{T}. \{P\}\{Q\}}$$

SENDWRAP

$$\frac{P, Q \text{ are } W\text{-stable} \quad W = \langle C, H \rangle \quad \tau_s \in C(\ell).T_s \quad \text{Sent}(\tau_s, \ell, n, m, to, H) \sqsubseteq (P, Q)}{\Gamma; W \vdash^n \text{send}[\tau_s, \ell](m, to) : \{P\}\{Q\}}$$

RECEIVEWRAP

$$\frac{P, Q \text{ are } W\text{-stable} \quad W = \langle C, H \rangle \quad \text{Received}(T, L, C) \sqsubseteq (P, Q)}{\Gamma; W \vdash^n \text{recv}[T, L](m, to) : \{P\}\{Q\}}$$

READ

$$\frac{P, Q \text{ are } W\text{-stable} \quad W = \langle C, H \rangle \quad (\text{this } s \wedge v \in \text{dom}(s(\ell)(n)), \text{this } s \wedge \text{res} = s(\ell)(n)(v)) \sqsubseteq (P, Q)}{\Gamma; W \vdash^n \text{read}_\ell(v) : \{P\}\{Q\}}$$

FRAME

$$\frac{\Gamma; W \vdash^n c : \{P\}\{Q\} \quad \text{NotHooked}(W, H) \quad R \text{ is } C\text{-stable}}{\Gamma; W \uplus \langle C, H \rangle \vdash^n c : \{P * R\}\{Q * R\}}$$

WITHINV

$$\frac{\Gamma; \langle \ell \mapsto \mathcal{P}_\ell \uplus W, H \rangle \vdash^n c : \{P\}\{Q\} \quad I \text{ is inductive wrt. } \mathcal{P}_\ell \quad \mathcal{I} \triangleq \forall s, \text{this } s \Rightarrow I(s)}{\Gamma; \langle \ell \mapsto \text{WithInv}(\mathcal{P}_\ell, I) \uplus W, H \rangle \vdash^n c : \{P \wedge \mathcal{I}\}\{Q \wedge \mathcal{I}\}}$$

# Network Semantics

$$\frac{
 \begin{array}{l}
 W = \langle C, H \rangle \quad W \models s \quad \ell \in \text{dom}(C) \quad \mathcal{P}_\ell = C(\ell) \quad (MS, d) = s(\ell) \quad \{n, to\} \subseteq \text{dom}(d) \\
 \tau_s \in \mathcal{P}_\ell.T_s \quad \tau_s.pre(n, to, m, d) \quad \text{HooksOk}(W, \tau_s, \ell, s, n, m, to) \quad MS' = MS \uplus \langle n, to, \circ, (\tau_s.tag, m) \rangle
 \end{array}
 }{
 s \xrightarrow{n}_W s[\ell \mapsto (MS', d[n \mapsto \tau_s.step(to, m, d(n))])]
 } \text{SEND}$$

$$\frac{
 \begin{array}{l}
 W = \langle C, H \rangle \quad W \models s \quad \ell \in \text{dom}(C) \quad \mathcal{P}_\ell = C(\ell) \quad (MS, d) = s(\ell) \quad \tau_r \in \mathcal{P}_\ell.T_r \quad MS = MS' \uplus m \\
 m = \langle from, n, \circ, (\tau_r.tag, m) \rangle \quad \{from, n\} \subseteq \text{dom}(d) \quad \tau_r.pre(m, d(n)) \quad MS'' = MS' \uplus \langle from, n, \bullet, (\tau_r.tag, m) \rangle
 \end{array}
 }{
 s \xrightarrow{n}_W s[\ell \mapsto (MS'', d[n \mapsto \tau_r.step(m, d(n))])]
 } \text{RECV}$$

Component	Defs/Specs	Impl	Proofs	Build
<b>Calculator (§2)</b>				
<i>protocol</i> (§2.1) INV <sub>1</sub> (§2.3) INV <sub>2</sub> (§2.4)	239	-	243	4.8
simple_server (§2.3) batch_server (§2.4) memo_server (§2.4)	192	43	153	8.6
compute (§2.4) deleg_server (§2.4)	120 75	24 7	99 49	4.8 2.4
<b>Two-Phase Commit (§4.1–§4.3)</b>				
<i>protocol</i> (§4.1)	465	-	231	3.9
coordinator (§4.2)	236	35	440	20
participant (§4.2)	163	24	198	11
TPCINV (§4.3)	997	-	2113	36
<b>Query/TPC (§4.4)</b>				
<i>protocol</i>	169	-	115	2.1
querying procedures	326	18	707	22
run_and_query	76	5	89	2.6